Morning Oregonian

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GENERAL NEWS.

Hayes' Reception at Columbus.

COLUMBUS, March 1.—Gov. Hayes, in a speech at the reception to-night, after briefly thanking his friends and citizens for the good will and kindness to himself and family, then spoke with regret at the absence of many of his Columbus friends who had been called away by death, mentioning many of them by name, and continued: "We are reminded by the absence of those friends of the changes we must expect in the years that are before us. As for myself and family, we go perhaps to return in a few days to occupy our accustomed place in this community; possibly we go to other scenes and duties, not to meet you again as fellow citizens of Columbus. In that event, I wish to say, as Mr. Lincoln said on parting with his friends at Springfield 18 years ago, that 'I trust you will pray that I may have that divine assistance and guidance without which I cannot succeed, and with which I cannot fail.'" The reception lasted until 9 o'clock.

The Prodigal Sons.

[illegible], Feb. 28.—Senators Webber and Hammond, two of the five seceding [illegible] Senators took their seats in the [illegible] Senate to-day. Gov. Nicholls [illegible] a proclamation convening an ex[illegible] of the Legislature.

Demand a Speedy Count.

[illegible]LAND, Feb. 28.—The Board of Trade [illegible] adopted resolutions demanding a [illegible] count of the electoral votes and con[illegible] filibustering.

Failure.

[illegible]VILLE, Feb. 28.—W. H. Walker, wholesale whisky firm, has failed; liabilities, $200,-[illegible], $130,000.

Urging Completion.

[illegible] YORK, Feb. 28.—Many of the most [illegible] bankers and merchants sent the [illegible] which were sent to Congress to-day, [illegible] the immediate completion of the count of the electoral votes.

Still Afraid of the Filibusters.

[illegible] YORK, Feb. 28.—The Republican jour-[illegible] still manifest alarm at the prospect of [illegible] of the Democratic filibustering to defeat the election of Hayes.

Hostiles Coming in for Rations.

[illegible]CAGO, Feb. 27.—A dispatch received at [illegible]tary headquarters from Cheyenne Agency [illegible] 230 Sioux arrived there yesterday from [illegible] camp on Tongue river. They surrendered themselves and 300 ponies.

They Use Only "Legal" Means?

[illegible], Pa., Feb. 27.—The Democratic [illegible] of the legislature this morning [illegible] resolution requesting their repre[illegible] Congress to use all legal means [illegible] the inauguration of Hayes.

Anti-Filibustering.

[illegible], Feb. 28.—The board of trade [illegible] adopted anti-filibustering resolutions.

Demand Prompt Action.

[illegible], Feb. 27.—The managers of [illegible] Exchange to-day, represent-[illegible] business firms, adopted [illegible] deprecating delays in the electoral [illegible] to pass the necessary appro-[illegible] demand prompt action [illegible].

[illegible] War of Races.

[illegible], March 1.—The Herald's Charleston [illegible] a difficulty occurred near [illegible] the arrest of three negroes, or [illegible] resisted and collected a [illegible] companions, and declared he would [illegible] arrest under Hampton's officers. [illegible] was sent out, who found [illegible] by 100 negroes all armed. [illegible] but nobody was seriously [illegible] sheriff, after consultation with [illegible] called out 1,000 men fully armed. [illegible] are massing in large numbers. A [illegible]unter is expected.

For Washington.

[illegible], O., March 1.—Gov. Hayes and [illegible] to-morrow at 12:50 by the Pan-[illegible] route for Washington. He won't re-[illegible] position of Governor at present.

Failed to Agree.

[illegible] FRANCISCO, March 1.—In the case of [illegible], of bogus gold bar notoriety, the [illegible] disagreed, standing 11 for conviction, 1 for acquittal.

Freight Agents' Meeting.

[illegible], Feb. 27.—The meeting of freight [illegible] was harmonious, but the Baltimore & Ohio and Pennsylvania roads were [illegible]ed. It was agreed nothing should [illegible] Northern roads to disturb the [illegible]. The meeting adjourned till [illegible].

[illegible] Convenes his Legislature.

[illegible], March 1.—Gov. Packard has [illegible] proclamation convening the legislature [illegible] days, commencing from the ex-[illegible] the regular session to-day, and [illegible] election of a U. S. Senator for [illegible] as a special object to take pre-[illegible] all business.

More Resolutions.

[illegible], Conn. March 1.—The Senate by [illegible] to 3 passed a resolution that any [illegible] defeat the operation of the con-[illegible] and laws by dilatory motions to [illegible] the counting of the electoral vote is [illegible].

[illegible]FIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco Stock Market.

[illegible], March 1.—Ophir 24½, Mexican [illegible] Curry 12, Best & Belcher 32½, [illegible] 47, Savage 7½, Con Va 47½, Chollar [illegible], Crown Point 9, Jacket 12, Imperial [illegible], Alpha 19, Belcher 7½, Confidence [illegible] 7, Bullion 16½, Utah 14, Ex-[illegible], S Belcher 60, Overman 84, Justice [illegible], Union 8½, Julia 5½, Caledonia [illegible] 75c, New York 70c, P Sheridan 4½, [illegible]ington 2 65, Andes 1½, Alta 2½, [illegible], Wel s Fargo 5c, Ward 75c, [illegible] 80c, Prospect 35c, Trojan 1 45, Pey-[illegible].

[illegible] BOARD—N & E 6, En Con 17, Alps [illegible] 1 60, Hatch 2½, Leopard 4 65, [illegible] 30c, Thomas 25c, Manhattan [illegible] 4 80, Modoc 2 90, N Coso 5½, G [illegible] 45, Leeds 3 90, Poorman 15c, Over-[illegible] Con Va 44, G & C 12½, Alpha 19½, [illegible] 47½, Bullion 17½, B & B 32½, Ophir [illegible] 73, Union 8½, Mexican 17½, Point [illegible] 5½, Utah 15, Imperial 2 05, S [illegible] Savage 7½.

Smallpox.

[illegible] Feb. 28.—The steamship [illegible] arrived to-day from China and [illegible] a case of smallpox on board, which [illegible] appearance eight days out from Yo-[illegible] among the Chinese passengers, of [illegible] were about 100. The vessel has [illegible] quarantined off Black Point, and will [illegible] before the Chinese are allowed to [illegible] cabin passengers and mails will [illegible] detained but a short time.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

[illegible] of News from our British Neighbor.

VICTORIA, March 1.—The four Wellington [illegible] arrested on a charge of intimidation [illegible] discharged from custody yesterday for [illegible] of proof. A gunboat has gone to the [illegible] of the strike.

The government in the debate on the railway question have developed a strength unexpected by the opposition. There has been no division yet.

News was received here yesterday afternoon of the drowning of Delaware, son of Capt. [illegible], and a boy named Willie Edwards, by the upsetting of a canoe in the Frazer, opposite Yale.

Mme. Camilla Urso arrived to-day to give a series of seven concerts.

The mail steamship Dakota sailed at noon to-day for San Francisco. She has $30 000 in treasure.

Turkey has made up her mind to prove that she is no chicken.

THE PRESIDENTIAL CRISIS.

The Last Hope Gone.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—The filibusters' last hope of success was taken from them to-day by Speaker Randall's adherence to his ruling against dilatory motions, and the utter failure of their effort to secure an order for the reading of the South Carolina testimony. Some further efforts to delay proceedings under the electoral law will be undoubtedly made to-morrow, but it is conceded on all sides that a completion of the count to-morrow afternoon cannot possibly be prevented. The scene in the House this evening caused by the futile attempt to compel the reception of the Vermont "Cronin" returns was intensely exciting for a few minutes, but Ferry's rulings were so manifestly in accordance with law that very few even among the filibusters, rallied to Springer's support, and the excitement, therefore, quickly subsided. Ferry's dignity, promptness and determination throughout the whole proceedings were admirable, and no one could deny that he handled himself and his gavel equally well.

Ferry to be Re-elected.

CHICAGO, Feb. 28.—The Inter-Ocean's Washington special says: "No action is probable on Sargent's resolution to elect the President of the Senate unless further developments endanger the prospects of Hayes' inauguration. It was successful for the fight of Sargent which caused him to introduce the resolution Monday, because it is necessary, under the rule, for it to lie over one day, and thus the possibility of delay is precluded. Ferry's re-election is probable now.

Row between an M. C. and the Door-keeper.

Willis, a New York Congressman, and the door-keeper of the House had a fight to-day in which Willis got a black eye, and a knife was drawn on him. The cause was the obstinacy of the door-keeper, who refused to admit friends of Willis on the card of the latter.

Will Object to Every Remaining State.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—The Times' Washington special mentions a report that the Democrats will object to every remaining State, Democratic as well as Republican, besides motions for recess and for reading long documents.

Expressing Apprehension.

The Tribune's letter from prominent Republicans in Washington expresses the greatest apprehension that the count cannot be completed unless the president of the Senate boldly counts the remaining votes or declares Hayes elected.

The Nicholls Government.

The Herald's Washington correspondent says: Grant is now satisfied the Nicholls government is the one that ought to stand in Louisiana, and will recognize it as soon as the electoral count is completed.

The Herald's New Orleans special, on the same subject, says: Nicholls and the Republican leaders at the North including Stanley Matthews, who speaks for Hayes, have agreed on the details. Grant's orders to Augur are to be rescinded, the Democrats to take possession of the State house, and in return the Democrats are to give the Republicans a long-term Senator. A guarantee of immunity from all past political acts is secured to the people equally.

Hayes will Stand by his Outlined Policy.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—The Herald's Washington special says: Hayes writes Foster as follows: "Assure any of our Southern friends that I am impressed with the necessity of a complete change of men and policy. I shall stand by the ideas outlined in my letter of last summer."

Denies the Soft Impeachment.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Conkling to-night authorizes the statement that the whole story of his defection to the Democrats is an unmitigated and malignant falsehood, so far as he is concerned, and he believes the whole is a fabrication.

Looking to an Extra Session.

Randall has telegraphed to all the members of the 45th Congress to be here on March 6th.

They Protest.

A circular signed by the Tilden executive committee was freely circulated this afternoon, calling meetings to protest against the inauguration of Hayes. To-night, in response, the hall was crowded. George W. Julian and others spoke. Don Piatt was made secretary with terrific cheers.

Field's Bill Passed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—Field's bill for a new election passed, ten Democrats voting against it, and one Republican (Purman) for it.

Resolution Rejected.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—The resolution offered under suspension of the rules, by Schleicher, recognizing the Hampton and Nicholls governments, has been rejected—yeas 156, nays 93—not the requisite two-thirds in the affirmative.

Destroyed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—The Treasurer to-day destroyed $745,000 legal tenders, leaving outstanding legal tenders $364,000,000.

Convalescing.

Secretary Morrill's physicians deny that there is any foundation for the report that his general health or physical strength has been permanently impaired. They see no reason to doubt that he will soon entirely recover.

Confirmed.

The Senate confirmed Paul Morrill Surveyor of Customs at San Francisco; C. F. Powell Consul at Iquiqui, Peru.

Cabinet Meeting.

At the Cabinet session to-day all the departments were represented. The session was longer than usual, though nothing especially important was considered. The President reiterated his determination not to interfere in the Southern States, but leave the question to his successor. As this was the last Cabinet except one of the present administration, there was much general conversation, more personal than official. All the members will resign, and nearly all are making preparations for an early departure from Washington. It is not altogether certain when there will be another call from the Treasury syndicate for the redemption of bonds, though one is expected. The impression exists that the syndicate will not make another call until after the settlement of the presidential question, now that this seems so near.

He Flopped and Bulldozed, Though.

The Times' Washington special says: Speaker Randall wrote to Scoville, of New Jersey, lately, "We intend to fight on this electoral commission inch by inch, and defeat the count at all hazards."

The Touchstone of Success.

The prudent impression to-night is, that the electoral count will be completed by Thursday or possibly to-morrow, but for reasons stated in last night's dispatches, no prediction as to the date of its completion can be made with absolute confidence, until the turning point of danger will be passed by the final action in the vote of South Carolina. This may be regarded as the touchstone of Speaker Randall's sincerity of purpose, and his ruling, on which the success or utter defeat of the filibusters' dilatory programme, is conceded to depend.

Patents Issued.

A patent was issued from the interior department to-day for the private land claim known as the Antonio Ortiz grant, containing 163,993 acres, and situated in San Miguel county, New Mexico. A patent was also issued for the private land claim, known as Rancho San Pueblos, in Santa Barbara county, California, containing 1,564 acres—Nicholas A. Dean, patentee.

Torchlight Procession.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The executive committee to make arrangements for the inauguration, held a meeting to-night and decided it was inexpedient to hold an inauguration ball, but in lieu thereof, determined upon a grand torchlight procession and illumination at night. It is expected 15,000 torches will be in line, and Pennsylvania avenue, from the capitol to the executive mansion, will be brilliantly illuminated with calcium lights. Private buildings along the avenue will be brilliantly illuminated.

An Attack on Garfield.

NEW YORK, March 1.—The Sun's Washington special says: Glover, chairman of the real estate pool (?) will report a resolution to the House asking the expulsion of Garfield for bribery. Garfield promises to go before the committee to-morrow and explain.

Judge Davis' Resignation.

The World's Washington special says: Judge Davis will resign to-morrow or Saturday in open court. Grant will not appoint his successor. Conkling and Grant had a long interview.

Grant will Recognize Nicholls.

NEW YORK, March 1.—The Tribune's Washington special confirms the report that Grant will recognize Nicholls, and adds that he does it with some opposition on the part of the Cabinet. The Packard government will fall the moment Nicholls is recognized. Southern Democrats are encouraged, while the Republicans are divided.

Mr. Tilden's View of the Case.

A few days ago, Tilden said to a friend here: "Well, we are beaten, unjustly I think, but none the less certain. At any rate, there is nothing for us but to submit. I am opposed to this whole policy of filibustering."

The End Approaching.

The Tribune publishes the following private dispatch:

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.

Nothing can postpone the regular declaration for Hayes beyond to-morrow. I think the appropriation bills will also pass.

(Signed) WM. M. EVARTS.

Appropriations and Other Matters.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—The Pacific coast items in the Indian appropriation bill as fixed by the conference committee and finally passed by both houses are, for the Arizona Apaches, $300,000; New Mexico Apaches, $100,000; incidental expenses of service California and Arizona, $25,000 each; New Mexico, $20,000; Oregon, $15,000; Nevada, Utah and Washington, $10,000 each.

The Senate amendment for continuing the Aurelo valley agency is stricken out, but the amendment for the Papago agency, Arizona, is retained. The bill otherwise makes the usual provision for pay of agents, etc., and fulfillment of treaty stipulations with Pacific coast Indians.

The sundry civil appropriation bill is still pending in the House.

Page's amendment increasing the item for surveying public lands from $50,000 to $150,000 was adopted to-day.

Wigginton offered an amendment to abolish Surveyor Generals after June 30th, but it was ruled out on a point of order raised by Page that it proposed new legislation.

House desert land bill recently reported by Booth from the Senate on public lands, was called up and put through the Senate to-day by Sargent, after encountering considerable criticism by Eastern members, which showed they knew nothing of the subject, but whose votes were finally secured by the acceptance of sundry amendments which they proposed. None of these amendments, however, affect the main purpose of the bill, and such as may not in all respects meet the approval of the Pacific coast delegation will undoubtedly be dropped by the committee of conference.

The Chinese investigation report, written and presented by Sargent, was entirely concurred in by Senator Cooper and Representatives Piper and Meade. Morton agrees with the main conclusions but dissents from a portion of the argument. Representative Wilson has taken no part in the deliberations of the committee since its return to Washington. The report is submitted therefore as an act of the joint committee, and will be presented to the House by Piper at the first opportunity.

The indefinite postponement of all sinking fund bills in the Senate, although opposed by some acknowledged friends of the companies, and favored by some other Senators who have hitherto advocated most stringent measures' is generally regarded as a great advantage to the Pacific railroad companies. The corporations and their official representatives here make no concealment of satisfaction with the result.

Field Caught Napping.

Field was caught napping to-day through his ignorance of the rules of the House. His bill was not reported to-day. It cannot now possibly come up before the electoral count is completed, and then it will be impossible to use it as a menace. Further filibustering is therefore impossible.

Attempted Murder.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—To-day a man called at the Treasurer's office and sent in to the redemption bureau a card bearing the name of Littleton, calling out a lady named Stover. Upon her appearance he fired two shots at her, neither of which took effect. The man was arrested and taken to the station house. He declares the woman is his wife but is employed under another name.

A Little Thin.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—J. A. Garfield was before the real estate pool committee to-day regarding the $5,000, alleged to have been paid to secure his influence on the committee on appropriations. He said several days before the adjournment of the 42d Congress, his friend, Richard Parsons, Marshal of the U. S. Supreme Court, told him he had been retained as counsel in a matter before the Board of Public Works; that he was going away and requested witness to write a brief, agreeing to divide any fee he might receive. Witness agreed and prepared the brief. He never asked for a contract or the price of anything, and it never occurred to him that he was interfering with any ring scheme or any set of persons. Garfield continued, saying: If any man says it is true I was influenced in my action as a member of Congress, and as chairman of the committee on appropriations, by any improper considerations, that man is an infamous perjurer.

A Granger Case.

In the Supreme Court to-day the Chief Justice read an opinion of the court in the case of Munn & Scott against the People of the State of Illinois, the principal granger case, affirming the right of the State to fix by law the maximum charges for storage of grain in warehouses at Chicago and other places in the State where grain is stored in bulk.

For Tricks that are Vain, etc.

CHICAGO, March 1.—The Journal's Washington special says the story is current to-day in Congressional circles that the secret of Randall's rulings yesterday was not attributable to a desire to hasten the count, or defeat the filibusters, but entirely in the interest of the latter. It is now known the Democratic leaders expected, by means of the so-called certificate of one of the Tilden electors from Vermont, sent to Mr. Ferry after the passage of the electoral bill, to have the vote of Vermont referred to the commission, and the action of Ferry in not submitting the papers to the joint convention was a complete surprise to them. By getting this case referred to the commission, the filibusters would have secured an important delay in the count, sufficient, they claim, to have enabled them to prevent the count from being completed. Randall's rulings yesterday were made with this point in view, and he was greatly astonished at Ferry's course, whereby any delay other than that allowed by law was prevented. That the leaders were counting upon the reference of this case to the commission was fully shown by the actions of Hewitt and others in joint convention last night, and this fact fully explains the Speaker's rulings yesterday, which were made in the belief that the delay which the filibusters wanted would be secured by referring the Vermont case to the commission.

The Oswego letter to the Independent says: Miss Emma Bullock, a suburban resident of this place, is engaged in manufacturing a patch work quilt, which, when finished, will contain near nine thousand pieces. It will contain five hundred "blocks," each block or square containing sixteen infinitesimal scraps, and then five hundred plain squares to set it together. "Blessed are the piece-makers."

THE CHINESE INVESTIGATION.

(Sargent's Report Concluded.)

To compete with them and expel them, the American must come down to their level or below them, must work so cheaply that the Chinese cannot compete with them, for in the contest for subsistence, he that subsists on the least will last the longest. It must not be understood that these views are unchallenged by a considerable and respectable class in California. Many persons of intelligence consider that this very cheapness of labor of the Chinese and extreme docility of his habits is a strong consideration in his favor. More money can be made by employing them than can be made by employing white men and more with payments of adequate wages. Admitting this, yet it would seem that an untimed influx of Chinese might be great in future, and a slower rate of population of the Pacific coast by people of cognate language and religion, habits and traditions would be better than its population by Asiatics.

Of the witnesses scarcely any dissented from the idea that great numbers of people of the average mental capacity of the Chinese, having no inclination to adopt this country as their permanent home and return as pagans, having total disregard for our government and laws, and a servile disposition acquired by ages of benumbing despotism were undesirable. It was proved before the committee that Chinese women in California are bought and sold for prostitution, and are treated worse than dogs; that they are held in the most revolting condition of slavery. It was further shown that they govern themselves independent of our laws, authorizing punishment of offenders against Chinese customs, even to taking of life. It was further shown that violent hostilities exist between Chinamen from different parts of China, who coming together in California by accident or otherwise engage in deadly feuds and riots to the disturbance of the public peace. Large numbers of them, notwithstanding the difficulty of conviction, owing to the looseness of the Chinese oath, occupy the State's prison and jails. They are cruel and indifferent to their sick, sometimes turning them out to die, and the corpses of the dead Chinamen and women are sometimes found in the streets by the police, where they have been left by their associates at night. The climatic conditions of San Francisco are unfavorable to the presence of pestilence, but it was in testimony that the conditions existing in Chinese quarters of that city transferred to New York, St. Louis, Cincinnati, New Orleans or other localities east of the Rocky Mountains, would make those cities uninhabitable. The Chinese quarter already extends over a considerable area in the heart of San Francisco, and is growing yearly. The progress is steady and constant, and the business portion of the city is already cut off by Chinese quarters from a port on where are many of the most elegant residences. Such Chinese quarters exist in all the cities and towns of the Pacific coast. The tide of Chinese immigration is gradually tending eastward, and before a quarter of a century the difficult question that now arises upon the Pacific coast will probably have to be met upon the banks of the Mississippi river and perhaps on the Ohio and Hudson. Many people of the Pacific coast believe that this influx of Chinese is a standing menace to Republican institutions upon the Pacific coast and the existence there of civilization. From all the facts that they have gathered bearing upon the matter, considering the testimony for and against the Chinese, the committee believe that this opinion is well founded; they believe that free institutions founded upon free schools and intelligence, can only be maintained where based on intelligent and adequately paid labor. Adequate wages are needed to give self-respect to laborers and the means of education to his children. Family life is the great safeguard to our political institutions. Chinese immigration involves starvation wages, no public schools and absence of the family. We speak of the Chinese as they have existed on the Pacific coast for 25 years past, and as they are there at the present time. They show few of the characteristics of a desirable population and many to be feared. This problem is too important to be entered into with indifference. Congress should solve it, having due regard to any rights already accrued under existing treaties and to humanity. It must be solved, in the judgment of the committee, unless our Pacific brethren are to be ultimately governed by them, which will make of that coast, practically, provinces of China, rather than States of the Union. The committee recommend that measures be taken by the Executive toward a modification of the existing treaty with China, confining it to strictly commercial purposes, and that Congress legislate to restrain the great influx of Asiatics in this country. It is not believed that either of these things were looked upon with disfavor by the Chinese government. Whether this is so or not, it is owing to the Pacific States and Territories, which are suffering under the terrible scourge, but are patiently waiting for a rectification by Congress.

Minority Report.

Representative Meade, of the minority, presented the House his views of Chinese immigration. He says for years people of the Pacific coast have endeavored by State and municipal regulations to discourage or to an extent interdict Chinese influx to this country, and laws had been passed which, for the credit of the country, had better never be placed upon the statute book of any State; but it is only just to say their impropriety is now generally conceded. I apply for jurisprudence, the supreme court declared invalid class discrimination, restricting State legislation, and these decisions have caused people on the Pacific coast to seek federal interference for relief from what they consider the ills of Chinese immigration. Meade confesses all that is claimed, for the personal habits of the Chinese have been abundantly proved, but this goes but little way to prove they are unfit for residence among us. While in San Francisco and other considerable towns on the Pacific slope their condition and treatment go a long way to prove defects in those municipal governments and their regulations, and indeed the disclosures before the committee were not favorable to the city government of San Francisco, no complaint can be justly found with the officials; but the laws which are provided at Sacramento are inadequate, and suggest the necessity of a thorough revision. For illustration: The entire police force for patrol and harbor duty being 120 in number and defective in discipline, in a town of nearly 300,000 population, made up of elements from all parts of the world, would seem to offer no serious impediment to the conflict of races, and the testimony rather justifies the charge that this police contribute to, rather than prevent, the corrosive feeling. Respecting the importation of women for immoral purposes, the acts disclose that, while the practice is discountenanced by the better portion of Chinese residents in California, yet it exists and is encouraged in its most its most revolting phase, which credible testimony indicates, and even falls short of the full exposure of the degradation of morals at home, among the lower orders of the Chinese.

Meade thinks the proverbial hostility between labor and capital has magnified the importance of the Chinese question of immigration, and that it is a safe conclusion the present liberal wages on the Pacific coast cannot be maintained with any great increase of the labor element. The Chinese have the most menial occupations but give satisfaction, and work for less wages. Meade deprecates Chinese immigration but suggests due consideration and regard for the existing treaty obligations with China; hopes the immigration of merchants, men of education, students and capitalists be encouraged, and every obstacle to these residents removed. He suggests a liberal endowment for a professor of Chinese language, saying we must know more of that people with whom our trade is constantly increasing. A new convention should be had with China, and Congress should establish a department of immigration for present business should remain with the treaty making branch of this government. A permanent Chinese embassy, soon to be established here, and a Chinese consulship in San Francisco will be timely, and greatly facilitate in arriving at an intelligent disposition of the question under consideration. A just and equitable national policy respecting immigration is at present needed, and great wisdom and prudence should characterize it, especially in the infancy of the relations which are to create so many bonds of common interest between the oldest and the newest nations of the globe.

THE PRESIDENTIAL COUNT.

Ferry Refuses to Receive the Second Certificate in the Vermont Case.

Randall's Ruling Thought to be Only a Democratic Ruse.

Before the Commission.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.

Lawrence made argument for Hayes' objectors showing that the want of registration did not affect the election under the Constitution. He made a brief argument showing the form of government in South Carolina was republican; denied that troops had been sent into the State contrary to law; said that the presence of U. S. marshals at the polls was necessary, and it must be presumed that they had done their duty.

Lawrence refuted the fifth objection, that there was no Republican form of government in the State by acting authorities. When Lawrence closed, Christiancy waived the right to object and Blair, for the Democrats, said they would prove that violence, intimidation, and the presence of U. S. troops had prevented free and fair elections. He first emphasized the absence of registration as an open violation of the constitution; then the use of the military, which it was well known were used to control the election.

Judge Black concluded, speaking feelingly, and saying he felt he lost much of the dignity of an American citizen and would willingly lead a forlorn hope if it could avert this great calamity; if he could redeem this nation from the infamy with which it was covered, he ought to do it as freely as he would go to his bed. He considered the details of the South Carolina case, and concluding by saying he never expected to see another election.

Argument on the South Carolina case before the electoral commission closed at 1, and recess was taken till 1:45, when a session for consultation will be held.

At 1:10 the commission went into secret session, but then took a recess till 1:45.

The Electoral Commission was in session until 7 P. M., and after three and a half hours' discussion Edmunds moved that voting commence at 6 o'clock; carried—8 to 7.

Morton, at six, submitted that it was competent for joint convention to enquire by evidence whether a State regularly represented in both houses of Congress and recognized as a State by other departments has a republican form of government. That while such anarchy exists as to render it impossible to exercise the rights of appointing electors is sufficient cause for rejecting any electoral votes purporting to be votes of electors appointed thereby, yet when the State is regularly recognized and represented as above, and appoints electors according to its law, the joint convention cannot receive evidence showing disturbances existed during the election which may have curtailed the freedom of the election. That it is competent for the joint convention taking evidence to enquire into the regularity of the action of the President in sending military into any State for the preservation of order, suppression of insurrection, etc., in order thus to lay ground for rejecting the electoral vote of such State, that in view of these facts there seem no valid objections to counting the votes of South Carolina in certificate No. 1.

Field offered as substitute, that evidence was admissible to show that United States troops were unlawfully stationed in a State during the election period, which prevented a free election; that evidence was admissible as to unlawful stationing and the intimidating effect of U. S. Marshals.

The substitute was rejected, eight to seven, and Morton's adopted by the same vote.

Frelinghuysen offered a resolution that the electors named in certificate No. 2 were not lawful electors of South Carolina, and their votes should not be counted; adopted unanimously.

Morton offered a corollary resolution that [illegible] No. 1 should be counted; agreed to, 8 to 7.

The report giving grounds of the decision was then drawn up.

Morton offered a resolution thanking, on behalf of the commission, the presiding officer, Clifford, for his ability, impartiality and urbanity; adopted unanimously.

A resolution by Strong was adopted authorizing members of the commission to file remarks made by them during the consultations of the commission, and have the same published with proceedings of the commission.

A resolution removing the injunction of secrecy was adopted.

On motion of Garfield the commission adjourned till 11 A. M. Friday, March 2d, unless sooner called together by its presiding officer.

The commission's report is in substance that the documents submitted to the commission have been examined, and that, by a majority vote, it has been decided that the votes of the Republican electors who are named in certificate No. 1, certified to by Gov. Chamberlain, are the legal and constitutional votes, and are to be counted for Hayes and Wheeler. The grounds of the decision are that the electors appear to have been duly appointed, and that they voted in the proper time and place as the constitution demands; that the commission has decided it is not competent to go into the evidence aliunde the papers opened in the presence of the two houses to prove the validity of other than the duly certified claims to the office of presidential elector. The report will also set forth details, as stated in the account of the proceedings of the commission already given.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.

After the morning hour, the chair presented, as unfinished business, the Pacific railroad bill.

Morrill moved to table the bill, but, at the request of Sherman, modified the motion so as to postpone further consideration until the first Monday in December next.

After debate, the motion was agreed to—yeas, 29; nays, 28.

West, Hamlin and Bogy were made a conference committee on the postoffice appropriation bill.

According to yesterday's notice, McDonald called up the House resolutions regarding Speaker Kerr, and McDonald, Wallace, Wright, Bayard, Booth and Morton delivered eulogies, and the resolutions were unanimously agreed to.

The House joint resolution authorizing the President to designate the place for the statue of Liberty Enlightening the World was taken up.

After debate Robertson's resolution was agreed to 29 to 22, a strict party vote. [illegible]

Soon after the Senate joined the House in joint convention.

Upon returning President Ferry announced objection to the Vermont vote.

Edmunds offered a resolution that Vermont's vote be counted.

Merrimon said he learned that double returns were forwarded to the President of the Senate from Vermont, and he thought the matter worth investigating and signed objection, but since no such return was received the matter should be inquired into.

Cockrell made a brief argument.

Edmunds said he would merely call the yeas and nays, and would not dignify the proceedings by a single word.

Republicans unanimously agreed to recess until to-morrow.

House.

The House went into committee of the whole on the sundry civil bill. The paragraph relating to the payment of dues to certain Southern mail contractors was omitted temporarily, and Holman's motion to increase the appropriation for the survey of public lands from $50,000 to $150,000 was agreed to.

Wigginton offered an amendment providing that after June 30, 1878, the office of surveyor general of the several States and Territories be abolished and the records of such offices be transferred to the general land office.

Page made a point that the amendment was new legislation.

The Chair sustained the point.

Townsend moved to increase the appropriation for the Hayden surveying expedition from $50,000 to $70,000; agreed to.

Southern mail contracts were then considered.

Conger withdrew his point of order, that it was new legislation, but Piper renewed the point.

Blount regretted that ten years after civil strife, such objections should come from any citizen of the Union, and especially from a member of his own political party.

In the committee of the whole to-day Atkins' amendment was adopted, that when the committee of the whole met to consider the sundry civil appropriation bill, it would be in order to offer an amendment for paying Southern mail contractors, and the amendment for the settlement of accounts of the Indian commission to the Red Cloud Agency in 1875; adopted.

Fields, from the committee on privileges, reported the bill providing that in case of a failure to elect a President, that the President of the Senate, or in case of a vacancy in that office, the Speaker of the House, or failing that, the Secretary of State, shall assume the office until a President has been elected.

Burchard raised a point of order that the committee had no authority to report by bill.

The bill was then read third time and passed—135 to 103—by a party vote, except [illegible], who voted with the Democrats, and Buckner, Gordon, Vance, Knott, Neal, Potter, Savage, Stevenson, Tarbox, Thomas, Warren, Whitehouse and Williams, of Delaware, who opposed. [The text has already been published in the Chicago and other papers.]

Schleicher moved to suspend the rules and adopt the preamble and resolutions recognizing the Hampton and Nicholls governments; rejected; 156 yeas, 93 nays—not a two third vote in the affirmative.

Watterson moved to suspend the rules and adopt a resolution reciting the text of the telegram sent yesterday to Nicholls, of Louisiana, by authority of the President, that the Nicholls government should be sustained as representing all the best elements of the State, and declaring the President's opinion as sound as the sentiment of a large majority of people.

The Republicans called for the author of the telegram, but the name was not given. The motion was defeated; yeas [illegible], nays 85—not a two-third vote.

The conference report on the Indian appropriation bill was agreed to.

Cox moved a recess till 10 to-morrow. The vote was very close, but it was carried by one majority, amid great clashing on the Democratic side. The House then took a recess.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.

Morrill, from the committee on public buildings, reported favorably Senate bill authorizing the purchase of a site for public buildings in Denver, Colorado.

Sargent, from the Chinese commission, submitted a report on Chinese immigration; ordered printed, together with testimony.

Morton, member of the commission, agreed with much of the report, but not all its conclusions, but had been unable to reduce his views to writing.

Windom, from the public lands committee, reported favorably on the Senate bill for the relief of settlers on public lands; passed. It allows homestead and pre emption settlers who suffered from grasshoppers to leave their places until 1878.

Cameron, of Pennsylvania, submitted a resolution directing the Secretary of State to transmit to the Senate any communication received by him demanding the payment of moneys claimed to be now due the Dominican government from the United States; agreed to.

Sargent called up the House bill to provide for the sale of desert lands in California, Oregon and Nevada and the Territories of Washington, Idaho, Montana, Utah, Wyoming, Arizona, New Mexico and Dakota. Sargent submitted an amendment that no person shall be permitted either to reserve or acquire title to more than one section of land under the act; agreed to.

Oglesby submitted an amendment providing that any person conducting water on or to any desert land for irrigation shall not acquire any exclusive right to the use of the water beyond what shall be an absolute necessity for irrigating the same; but water in lakes, rivers and other sources of water supply shall be held for the use of the public for irrigating and mining purposes; agreed to.

Boutwell submitted an amendment providing such desert lands shall be surveyed before reclamation.

Chaffee moved to postpone further consideration until the first Monday in December next; rejected, yeas 12, nays [illegible].

The amendment of Boutwell was then adopted; also one requiring persons entering upon land to pay 25c per acre at the time of filing with the receiver his declaration that he intends to reclaim the land, and $1 per acre upon receiving a patent therefor. Several unimportant amendments were agreed to and the bill passed.

Oglesby presented the credentials of David Davis, elected Senator from Illinois; filed.

House bill to amend revised statutes in respect to vacancies in the offices of President and Vice President; read by title and referred to the committee on elections.

Gordon presented the credentials of J. T. Morgan, elected U. S. Senator from Alabama; filed.

Senate then went into executive session. When the doors reopened took recess until to-morrow.

House.

Franklin moved the South Carolina report be read.

Speaker—It can not be before the House.

Springer returned to the charge, and insisted on the reading, but the chair maintained that he was bound by the law which Springer reported.

Luttrell—And now he wishes he had not. [Laughter.]

Cochrane finally offered a resolution that the decision of the tribunal be not sustained, the vote be not counted.

Hooker declared the commission had refused to perform the functions with which it was invested, to take proper evidence in the South Carolina case.

Lapham defended the commission, and attacked Hunton's speech to Washington citizens last night, in which he declared it was their duty to stop the commission.

Goode said it was the duty of the Democratic party to accord to Republicans what they would have unanimously demanded if the decision had favored them. It was unwise and unmanly to oppose the decision.

At 6:30 Senators entered, and in due form the State of South Carolina was counted for Hayes and Wheeler.

Jones, of Kentucky, raised a point, which was disregarded, that [illegible], of the Senate, was not present, only [illegible] having entered.

The vote of Tennessee, 12, and Texas, 8, were counted for Tilden and Hendricks, and Vermont was objected to by Poppleton, who asked if duplicate returns were received from Vermont.

Ferry said no.

Hewitt said he had a package received by express the middle of December containing a letter stating a similar package, purporting to contain the electoral votes of Vermont, had also been forwarded to the President of the Senate by mail. On learning to-day a corresponding package had not been received by the President of the Senate he had tendered him this package, the seal of which was still unbroken. The presiding officer declined to receive them, and he now tendered the package to the presiding officer as purporting to contain the electoral votes.

Presiding Officer—The Chair has stated he has received but one certificate from Vermont. The Chair also states the law prohibits receiving any after the first Thursday in February; hence my duty is to receive, open and have read all that have been received on that day.

Springer—I understand the third return from the State of Florida was received on the 30th of January. Am I correct in that? [Correcting himself.] I mean February.

The presiding officer replied that January was not February, and he asked whether there was any objection to the vote of Vermont.

Springer—I offer a resolution.

Presiding Officer—If it is relative to certificate from Vermont the Chair will entertain it, but if it is simply a resolution the Chair will not entertain it.

Springer—After it is read, it will be seen what it is.

P. Officer—If the member from Illinois submits an objection to the certificate the Chair will entertain it as a resolution.

Springer persisted in his efforts to have the resolution read, but the presiding officer was unyielding. He intimated if Springer would not come to order the services of the Sergeant-at-Arms would be called into requisition. Finally Springer undertook to put his resolution in the shape of objections, and proceedings were generally suspended to give him time to go about it. For a quarter of an hour he was in consultation with the others, and the objection was sent up, signed by Senator Merrimon and Representatives Springer and Hamilton, and declaring the President of the Senate stated he had received only one of the two returns forwarded from Vermont. Objection is made to counting the vote from Vermont, and the duplicate return is herewith submitted for the consideration of the House and Senate. A telegram accompanied the objection from the U. S. District Court, Burlington, to Speaker Randall, saying Aldrich's certificate was deposited there Dec. 12th.

Poppleton then presented two objections to the vote of Sollace, in effect that he was postmaster when elected, and that the law of Vermont did not authorize filling the vacancy.

Springer then demanded that Hewitt's resolution be read, but the Chair peremptorily ruled it out of order.

Springer—Then I ask that the Chair order this certificate be now submitted to the judgment of the electoral commission.

Presiding officer—The Chair stated he had not received duplicate returns.

Springer—They are now before the Chair.

Presiding officer—(Entirely ignoring the demand) are there any further objections to the certificates from Vermont? A pause. The Chair hears none.

Springer—Does the Chair decline to receive the returns submitted with my objection?

Presiding officer—The Chair declines to receive any.

Waddell (jocosely)—He being aliunde?

The Presiding officer—In any form. The Senate will retire to its own chamber in order that the two houses may severally consider and decide upon the objections.

As the Senators were withdrawing Springer called out that he now made a point of order, there being duplicate returns and the case had now to go to the electoral commission and would be considered by the two houses. No attention, however, was paid to it, nor to the resolution made immediately afterwards by Mills that the House proceed to elect a President, the speaker declaring under the terms of the compromise agreement that the House now take recess until to-morrow morning.

O'Brien moved a call of the House, but the Speaker counting, said there was a quorum.

Walling demanded a call.

The Chair said he considered that a dilatory motion, but was bound to submit. He said while it was allowable under the rules of the House, it was not under law.

Wood wanted to offer a resolution, but Walling insisted on his motion.

Haskins said if the call could be demanded any time during the proceedings, further business was impossible. Nobody had a right to claim there is no quorum if the chair has ascertained there is.

Walling disclaimed any reflection on the chair in not accepting his statement, and demanded the yeas and nays, which resulted, yeas 68, and nays 169, and the call of the House was refused. This proceeding consumed an hour and a quarter, and was followed by a motion to reconsider which the Speaker entertained, notwithstanding Wood's protest. The Speaker contended he had never ruled or decided or inferred a motion to reconsider was dilatory.

The motion to reconsider was tabled—174 to 65.

Wood, Poppleton, Caulfield and Mills struggled for a recognition, stating they had questions of the highest privilege to submit. It seemed the Speaker had recognized Wood before the motion for a call of the House, and Poppleton presented an objection to the certificate from Vermont; consequently it appears it was arranged with these gentlemen that Poppleton should offer Wood's resolution, and that Wood should move the previous question. Meantime, Caulfield, although he was not recognized, handed Poppleton a resolution which Poppleton sent to the clerk's desk. The Speaker suggested this was hardly in consonance with the agreement made, but Poppleton insisted on reading. It recited that the Hewitt package of votes from Vermont was a duplicate of the one which was sent to the president of the Senate; that such package had been made a part of the objection to the certificate of Vermont and still remained unopened; and that the objection cannot be considered until such package is opened according to law; that such package is retained by the president or secretary of the Senate; and therefore, resolving that the refusal of the president of the Senate to open such package in the presence of the two houses, was a violation of law and the privileges of the House, and counting the votes cannot proceed until such votes are counted; that the Senate be requested to meet the House in joint session, that the package may be opened.

The Speaker then announced a new legislative day.

There was a brief pause during prayer, but the reading of the journal gave Springer an opportunity and he demanded that a detailed statement of the papers, votes, etc., be not omitted.

The Speaker stated it was impossible, as details were not copied into the journal. The Speaker refused to entertain any question until the reading was completed. When the reading ended Springer moved the journal be corrected, and that the paper submitted on the [illegible] question be inserted.

Wood moved to suspend the reading of the journal, and the yeas and nays resulted, yeas 175; nays, 75.

The House began the two hours' discussion of the Vermont electoral vote. The debate closed with a strong speech from Field in favor of having Aldrich's certificate opened by the President of the Senate. The House then proceeded to vote on the resolutions, and the various amendments, the first vote being on an amendment by Knott, requiring the package to be opened and declaring that the House [illegible] the Senate in joint convention till it is opened. The central point was whether before the discussion commenced in the two houses the President of the Senate should be called upon to [illegible] to the House the package produced [illegible], and submitted with Springer's objection [illegible]. The Speaker did all that was in his power to get the House into the regular channel of business and refused to entertain an appeal from his ruling. His [illegible] the opposing elements into fury. Springer, O'Brien, Caulfield, Sparks and Poppleton were [illegible] ing the Speaker at once, and [illegible] the House with all sorts of questions [illegible] tions. [illegible] of New York, who, in a most decided manner protested against the action of the speaker, [illegible] in order to make himself particular [illegible] jumped upon his desk and from there [illegible] wildly, shouting at the top of his voice [illegible] which in the uproar [illegible] unintelligible [illegible] every Democratic [illegible] publican [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] looked like a private [illegible] admitted that his [illegible] strued as a reception of [illegible] took it from his pocket [illegible] and since that time he had [illegible] Hewitt remarked the [illegible] to him by [illegible] who would [illegible] it. There is no [illegible] law the president of the [illegible] paper under such [illegible] nature on the back of the paper [illegible]. For aught that we know, it is [illegible] tificate. If anybody has been deceived by [illegible] that we ought to have a paper [illegible] House, coming in such a [illegible] way, let all such [illegible] and let them vote with the knowledge of the fact that a vote for a [illegible] is simply a vote to prevent the count, and to bring us into anarchy.

Stone, who was one of the tellers, stated that he saw the secretary of the Senate throw the package under the desk among the rubbish, and that he (Stone) immediately spoke to [illegible] and he had a conversation [illegible] saw the secretary take the package [illegible] desk and put [illegible] in his pocket. [illegible] closed by Field, who [illegible] that the day had been [illegible] to rectify a mistake, which was [illegible] self-respect of the House compelled it to remedy if possible. He would not go into any question about the vote of Vermont whether it was good or bad, or whether the paper was of any value; all he knew was that a question had arisen [illegible] which the President of the Senate had assumed to decide for himself.

The President of the Senate had no power to do anything except to keep order and [illegible] been committed to him under the [illegible] law, and knew this was the very question that lay at the foundation of all debates on this subject from the beginning of the session. It had been maintained by the Republicans [illegible] that the Senate could count the votes, and on that they had stirred up the country [illegible] opinions, and [illegible] Senate itself has in solemn [illegible] doctrines as not worth [illegible] tion, and the President in a [illegible] Congress declared never in the history of the government had the President of the Senate assumed to decide any question. That [illegible] did now assume to decide this question: Whether or not that return was to be opened by him. If the House consented to that let them look to the future. [illegible] principiis was the rule of prudence.

Wood then raised a point of order that the House must consider the Vermont objections and Poppleton's proposition was out of order.

Caulfield said he was correct unless there was an impediment in the way. Springer had yesterday offered objections together with the certificate which the Vice President refused to open.

Hooker argued against the point of order and for the admission of the second certificate.

Regan supported the point.

CANADA.

Absconded.

MONTREAL, Feb. 27.—Thomas MacDuffy, representative of the London firm of Gibson & Co., has absconded with £40,000.

Wrecked.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Advices from Levicka Alton, Fiji, reports the loss of the schooner Ester, of San Francisco, on the night of San. 6th. The crew were saved.

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...NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I have this day sold my interest in the ... heretofore conducted by ... to I. G. Davidson. H. ... Portland, Feb. 14, 1877.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

The undersigned respectfully announce ... that we will continue the business ... heretofore conducted by ... at the same place, and under ... of Davidson Brothers. ... have engaged the services of ... as operator for a short time, ... of pleasing those who may ... I. G. DAVIDSON, J. S. DAVIDSON. Portland, Feb. 14, 1877.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP. THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE ... under the firm name and style ... & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual ... J. SIMON, L. LACHMUND. Portland, Feb. 12, 1877.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE. THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY formed a copartnership for the purpose of ... a general Sash, Door, Blind and Glass ... Front street, under the firm name of ...inger & Co. J. SIMON, JASON SPRINGER. Portland, Feb. 12, 1877.

CALVERT'S CARBOLIC SHEEP WASH. $2 Per Gallon. After dipping the ... useful for Preserving Hides, Destroying the ... Pest, and for Disinfecting purposes, etc. T. W. JACKSON, San Francisco, Sole Agent for the Pacific Coast.

ELOCUTION.

LESSONS IN ELOCUTION GIVEN BY the undersigned at her residence, ... side, between D and E. Pupils taught in Classes if desired. MRS. D. F. ... Portland, Feb. 13, 1877.

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 2, 1877.

CITY.

CALIFORNIA AT VICTORIA.—Late Victoria papers note the arrival at that place of the steamship *California* and say: The *California* was detained at Astoria four days on account of the rough bar. Crossed the bar on Saturday at 2:40 P. M., and made the run from Astoria to Victoria via Port Townsend in 28 hours—a very quick run. The *California* has been entirely refitted and refurnished. The new boilers placed in her have increased her speed very much, and under the command of our old friend Capt. Charles Thorn will, no doubt, be a popular vessel on the route between Portland and Sitka. She brings only 14 tons of freight for this place and the following passengers: Miss B. Welham, P. Carroll, C. M. Talbe, John Beard, Thos. Roberts, Thos. Young, A. Black, M. McGinnes, A. McGinnes, M. Black, C. McGinnes, Robt. Reid, J. Walsh, W. C. Brown, J. Connolly, Wm. ..., J. Lester and R. Driver. The *California* leaves at 5 o'clock this afternoon, (28th ult.) for Wrangel and Sitka via Nanaimo, where she will coal.

PRESENTATION.—Last evening Mr. Wm. F. Hummel, an active and useful member of Columbia Engine Co. No. 1, was made the recipient of a handsome testimonial. During the past year Mr. Hummel has proved himself the most efficient member of that company, he having rolled the "masheen" and ... out of the engine house more times than any other person belonging to the company. In consideration of his promptness and vigilance, the members presented him to-night with a neat gold badge. Joseph ..., Esq., made the presentation speech. Joseph made a fine oratorical effort on the occasion.

ELECTION.—The annual election was held last evening by that old military organization, the Washington Guard, at the armory. The following were chosen: Captain, Horatio Cooke, (re-elected); First lieutenant, A. J. Sother- (re-elected); Second, H. A. Dyer, (re-elected); First Sergeant, John Farrow, (re-elected); Second, Thos. Magee; Third, H. W. ..., (re-elected); Fourth, J. W. Gardner; ..., John A. Crouch, (re-elected); Secretary, ... Cushing, (re-elected); Treasurer, H. A. ...

CUE AND IVORY.—The Victoria *Standard* of the 25th ult. says: "The billiard match, at the Adelphi, on Saturday evening, between Joshua Davies, of Portland, and Mr. ..., of this city, resulted in favor of the latter gentleman. The game played was the American four-ball carom, 150 points. Mr. Davies, who discounted Nellis, only scored 41 at the close of the game. It is reported a second match will shortly come off at the Theater Royal." Josh will probably make it interesting for all amateur ivory punchers.

WEATHER REPORT.—From the records of the Signal Station of Observation, Portland, March 1, 1877:

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
Barometer	29.900	29.810	29.730
[illegible]	29.916	29.787	29.706
Thermometer	44	49	49
Humidity	91	93	92
Wind	S.	N.	N.W.
Velocity	4	4	2
Weather	Foggy.	Lt. Rain.	Cloudy.
[illegible]			52°
[illegible]			42°

...YEARS OLD.—The *Catholic Sentinel*: The cathedral was a quarter of a century old last Thursday, having been dedicated on the 22d of February, 1852. The building was commenced in September, 1851, since which time it has been removed from its original site and enlarged several times to accommodate the increasing congregation. At the time of its dedication here were not fifty Catholics in Portland.

...—The following is the calendar for the present month: ... 4—Third Sunday in Lent. 11—Fourth Sunday in Lent. 18—Passion Sunday in Lent. 25—Sunday before Easter; Annunciation Blessed Virgin. ... Sunday before Easter. 27—Tuesday before Easter. 28—Wednesday before Easter. 29—Thursday before Easter. 30—Good Friday. 31—Easter Even. April 1—...

BIBLE SOCIETY.—At a meeting of the executive committee of the Oregon Bible Society, held on the 7th ult., it was resolved that the next annual meeting of said society be held in the First Presbyterian church, in Portland, on Monday, the 5th day of March at 10 o'clock A. M. The opening anniversary services will be at 10:30 A. M. on Wednesday, and services also at night.

...—The steamer *Dakota* sailed yesterday at noon from Victoria for San Francisco, having on board the following passengers: ... Thompson, J. Cox, A. E. Sprague, ..., C. Thornton, H. E. Taylor, ... Wm. Hendry, Francis Seymour, and about thirty from the Sound.

WISH TO KNOW, the whereabouts of J. W. ..., formerly of Linn county, Oregon, who will receive valuable information by corresponding with S. H. Claughton, Postmaster, Lebanon, Oregon. California papers please copy.

SERVICES AT OLYMPIA.—We are requested to state that Rev. Dr. Geo. E. Atkinson will conduct divine service at the Congregational church at Olympia next Sunday morning and evening.

NEW BOOKS.

The following list of new books have just been added to the Portland Library:

- ..., a novel; No Name series.
- ... of a Sword; a novel; Robert Buchanan.
- ..., new and old; by Mark Twain.
- ..., a romance.
- ...; or, The Cross of Love.
- ... Convicts; a novel; by Berthold Auerbach.
- ... Time of William Samuel Johnson; by E. Edwards Beardsley.
- ..., a Tragedy in five Acts; by Franz ...
- ..., a novel; by Alphonse Daudet.
- ...wick; a novel; Georgiana M. ...
- ... and West; a novel; by Miss M. E. ...
- ... Khiva; by Fred Burnaby.
- ... of Tom Sawyer; by Mark Twain.
- The Cage; a novel; George W. Owen.
- ... and Detectives; by Allan Pinkerton.
- ... of a Baby; a companion to "Helen's Babies."
- ... Biography, Reminiscences and Letters ... Trumbull, from 1756 to 1841.
- ... and his Contemporaries; ... W. March.
- ...ences of the last sixty-five years, ... with the battle of Lexington; ... of his own life and times; by E. ... 2 vols.

EDUCATIONAL.

The following is the monthly report of the public schools of the city for the month ending Feb. 23, 1877:

Schools.	AVERAGE GIRLS & BOYS. Average No. belonging	Average daily attendance.	Av'ge daily absence.	No. remaining at date.	GIRLS AND BOYS. Whole No. days' attendance.	No. of days' absence.	Pr. ct. attend.	Pupils tardy.	No. cases of tardiness.
[illegible]	115	109	5	114	2060	112	9[illegible]	12	14
Central	502	473	29	497	8992	560	94	31	35
[illegible]	475	455	20	490	8650	385	95	22	24
North	445	384	31	406	7307	590	92	23	33
Totals	1509	1422	96	1516	2703	1649	93	88	106

THE COURTS.

STATE CIRCUIT COURT—SHATTUCK, J.

THURSDAY, March 1, 1877.

State of Oregon vs Alfred Carr; plea of not guilty entered.

W. W. Spaulding vs Francis Kennedy; mandate filed.

James Carty vs Sorensen & Taylor; cause on trial.

Masquerade suits and trimmings, at J. Harris & Son's.

BRIEF NOTES.

Police Court business light.

March didn't come in very leonine.

County Court will convene next Monday.

Masquerade at East Portland this evening.

Grand jury has adjourned until next Monday.

Very small quantities of wheat are coming forward.

Last night the darkness was intense on the back streets.

Steamer *Elder* will sail for this port to-morrow morning.

John Jack and his dramatic company will appear at Walla Walla on the 7th.

Twelve marriage licenses have been issued by County Clerk Smith during the past month.

What is the matter with the mails? California papers have not been received for nearly a week.

The case of Hood vs. Scott, for the recovery of $10,000 damages, is on trial in the State Circuit Court.

The steamer *McMinnville* has changed her landing place to the Pacific wharf where freight will be received.

A man named Peter Nugent was adjudged insane yesterday by Judge Woodward and committed to the asylum.

Hereafter the steamer *McMinnville* will land at Pacific dock, foot of Salmon street. Public will bear this fact in mind.

Mr. Geo. E. Cole, our accommodating postmaster, and his bride are expected to arrive here about the 20th of the present month.

There will be a stated communication of Portland Lodge No. 55, A. F. & A. M. at their lodge room this (Friday) evening at 7 o'clock.

Northrup & Thompson have leased the room adjoining their old store in order to obtain more room. The place looks decidedly improved.

J. H. McIntosh, the colored man who was sentenced to imprisonment in the penitentiary for six months for adultery, will be taken to Salem this morning.

Our district attorney and his efficient deputy are making things exceedingly interesting for transgressors. Thus far, during the present term of the State Circuit Court, nine persons have been convicted and sent to the penitentiary.

Palm Sunday will occur on the 25th inst., and Good Friday on the 30th inst. The feast of the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary, falling on the 25th of March, has been this year transferred to April, the day following Low Sunday.

A few nights since, some person came to the door of Mrs. Ach's residence, ringing the bell, which attracted the attention of the inmates. It was found that the party outside could not give a satisfactory explanation of the call and retired without gaining admission.

Spring goods loom up in dry goods store windows, and every woman who doesn't belong to the "woman's club" and, therefore, whose taste for dress has not been swallowed up by that of French literature, is studying how to buy the most goods for the least money.

FROM PEORIA.

"G. H." writing from Peoria under date of the 1st, says:

Farmers nearly through plowing.

Last week the *Orient* took the last of the wheat from this place.

Mr. W. M. Weed, teacher of the district school, has just closed a very successful term. He leaves for his farm in Nehalem valley.

The health of Peoria and vicinity is unusually good, no sickness at all. Thus far diphtheria, scarlet fever and other prevailing diseases have escaped us.

THE LATE GEORGE LAROQUE.

BUTTEVILLE, Feb. 27, 1877.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

Mr. George Laroque, late of Oregon City, who died at Oakland, Cal., on the 23d inst., was born near Montreal, Canada, in 1820. Came to the United States in 1836. Went to St. Louis, Missouri, in the spring of 1839, where in the following fall he entered the service of the American Fur Co., starting at once for Fort Pierre on the Missouri river. Some time after, was sent to Fort Laramie. Being an expert in the use of the rifle, he was promoted to the position of hunter, whose duty was to supply the Fort with meat. This position commanded a considerable advance in his wages. Mountain men like those in the more civilized pursuits of life, were paid in proportion to the value of the services which they were capable of performing. George Laroque was an energetic, resolute mountaineer, and for his discreetness and well known courage, was frequently employed by the company as expressman in making long hazardous journeys. On one of those occasions he started from Fort Laramie with the annual express for St. Louis, by way of Fort Pierre, at which point there was some slight hope of reaching in time to meet the company's steamboat returning from the Yellowstone with a cargo of peltries. If successful, would leave his mule and take passage for his destination. The distance, 330 miles, he dashed off in 48 consecutive hours, barely reaching the post in time to accomplish his object.

Laroque continued this life on the plains until 1847, when, after having experienced eight years of wild, exciting life on the eastern base of the Rocky Mountains, he turned his face toward the setting sun, crossed the country, and in the fall rejoined his old comrade, F. X. Matthieu, in the valley of the Wallamet. During the first gold excitement which swept through this valley like a prairie fire, in the fall of 1848, Mr. Laroque took passage on the old brig *Henry*, for the new "Golden Gate." After several months spent in prospecting, with the usual success of the inexperienced miner of the early days in California, he went to Feather river, where he soon after had the good fortune to strike a rich pocket, from which, in a few days he scooped out some $12,000, returning to Oregon in 1849.

In the spring of 1851 he became a member of the mercantile firm of F. X. Matthieu & Co at Butteville, with which he was associated for several years. He finally embarked in the wheat trade and milling business at Oregon City, in which he was engaged at the time of his death. Notwithstanding Mr. Laroque had received little or no early advantages from the schools, he was a very correct and successful business man, having accumulated a very considerable fortune. He leaves a wife, daughter and three sons to mourn their loss.

His name is enrolled on the register of the Pioneer Association, whose old members are fast giving way to later generations.

WILLARD H. REES.

Gold fish—a large supply at S. L. Stone's.

Masquerade costumes for rent cheap, and all kinds of masks, at Mrs. Charles Tichenor's.

Fabre has something new in steaks. Try one and see what a rare bit it is.

To be beautiful, graceful, healthful and comfortable, wear Dr. Warner's corset. Third street near Morrison.

For ladies' corsets at low prices go to the Emporium of Fashion.

Worsted reduced to fifteen cents per ounce at Mrs. Charles Tichnor's.

Mrs. B. A. Owens, M.D., Office and residence, east side First street, between Yamhill and Taylor. Special attention given to Women and Children complaints. Also gives Medicated Vapor Baths, combined with Electricity, in treating Rheumatism and Chronic Diseases.

Next Monday we shall know whether the Presidential election will be settled. It is a settled fact that the lowest prices in clothing can be obtained at Beck & Waldman's. They have a full line of goods and more coming.

Dr. Halpruner's RHEUMATIC LINIMENT is a sure cure for RHEUMATISM, SORE THROAT, ACHES, PAINS, CHILBLAINS, etc. It can be had at the Doctor's office until he has it ready for the market. The Doctor will send a bottle by express, or a box of his Salve by postoffice. Price, 50 cents each, expressage extra.

NEW DISCOVERY IN GILDING.—Victor Volney's gilt frames last you your life time. They are durable, they are beautiful, they are the best. You can wash them with sponge and water. Samples on exhibition. Old frames can be regilt as good as new. Corner Third and Morrison streets, Portland, Oregon.

For good kid gauntlets at $1 a pair, go to the Emporium of Fashion.

All depends on Oregon and the lunches served by Barnes at Central Market.

LEBANON ITEMS.

Our Lebanon correspondent sends us the following under date of Feb. 28th:

We understand that application has already been made for a money order office by our postmaster.

W. B. Donaca, proprietor of the Albany and Lebanon stage line, is doing a "smashing" business in his line, and is a clever and accommodating gentleman.

The district school in the new and commodious schoolhouse lately erected on a beautiful and elevated site, is in a flourishing condition, under the management of Prof. Moses, principal, and Miss Addie Hamilton, assistant.

The new and imposing structure recently erected by the I. O. O. F., is paying the fraternity a handsome profit in the way of rents, there being scarcely an evening but the lower room of the building is occupied by a theater, festival, ball or other social gathering.

S. H. Claughton, postmaster, is circulating a petition praying for the establishment of an express office in our town, something that is greatly needed and would ere long become a source of profit to the company, and we earnestly hope that the prayer of the petitioners will be granted.

The grad ball given on the 22d in the Odd Fellows' building was well attended, and would have been a very pleasant affair, had it not been for the presence of a little too much "corn juice." Hope the boys in the future will place a little higher estimate on their social and moral standing in society.

The festival given on the 14th inst. by the members and friends of the C. P. church for the purpose of raising funds to purchase an organ for the new and elegantly finished church building, was an enjoyable affair socially and a success financially, and gave general satisfaction. The receipts were about $160.

Elkins Bros., of the Lebanon mills, are making only a moderate run on merchant work at present; but as soon as the spring opens they will engage more extensively in the manufacture of flour, having already purchased a large quantity of the cereals of the farmers who have the grain stored in their granaries. These mills are in excellent running order, and are manufacturing a quality of flour second to none in the State.

Our enterprising townsman, Mr. B. Kent, is negotiating with the mills on the Santiam for about about one million feet of lumber, for shipment on the Albany and Lebanon canal. This is a new enterprise, and we earnestly hope that Mr. Kent will meet with the success that his energy merits. He is making arrangements to build two large batteaux to be used in the above enterprise, and also for the purpose of shipping wheat and flour from the Lebanon mills to Albany.

The merchants, mechanics and tradesmen of our town are each doing a lively business in his line, and our hotels are daily the recipients of way-faring visitors from all parts of the country. The Starr hotel, under the supervision of Mr. G. Bond, is especially adapted to the wants and comfort of the weary sojourner, where his apetite, however craving, may be satisfied from the luxuries of the proprietor's well furnished table. The stage to and from Albany leaves this house every morning at 7 o'clock and returns at 5 in the evening, and strangers and local guests are made welcome.

In the performance of the arduous task of whiling away the monotony of an average Webfoot winter day, I thought I would tax the patience of the gentle readers of your valuable paper by casting in my mite, that the one-sided world may no longer be ignorant of the fact that there is situated on the Santiam river, and near the center of Linn county, in the most fertile portion thereof, the beautiful and enterprising town of Lebanon, where is situated one of the oldest and most popular institutions of learning in the State, to-wit: the Santiam academy, now presided over by Prof. J. A. Lewis and his estimable lady. The school is, however, suspended for a few days in consequence of that unwelcome visitor the diphtheria in our midst. But fortunately for us this much to be dreaded scourge is kept at bay by the undoubted skill and vigilance of Doctors Foley and Hope, who are riding day and night.

THE TERRITORIES.

Mr. R. C. Waite is exhibiting his beautiful original panorama, "Wonderland," to the Sound people.

Fifteen hundred tons of railway iron for the Puyallup and Tacoma road, are on the way from New York, by steamer, and 1,400 tons by sail around the Horn.

Mr. Ed. Sikes, of the Sound country, who was reported among the victims of the Ashtabula railway disaster, has got home all right. He was not on the ill-fated train.

The school funds of Seattle being exhausted, the directors are considering the plan of letting the ten teachers have the rooms free of charge to fill up the hiatus with a private school.

The Seattle *Dispatch* says: A distressing accident occurred near Chehalis station on the Northern Pacific railroad last Saturday. A man named J. H. Long was piling up logs in his clearing, and had his team hitched to a large fir log. The horses got frightened at something and turned so suddenly around as to roll the log against Mr. Long, knocking him down and crushing his ankle. The injured man suffers terribly, though Dr. Morgan hopes for his recovery.

The great branch of the Columbia, known as Snake river, with its numerous important tributaries, drains a vast region, which, the more it is known, the more will it excite the wonder and admiration of all who penetrate its mysteries of primal formation, its grand and picturesque framework, the agricultural capabilities of its fertile and varied surface, its inexhaustable stores of precious metals and, what is better and more to be prized than all, its mild, delicious, health-giving, life and joy-inspiring climate, where age has no consciousness of advancing years, and youth is ever radiant with life's sweetest hopes, and the assured prospect of continued health and happiness. This is a great deal to owe to the upheavals which gave us our grand mountains; to the overflow of melted rocks, which fashioned our vast and fertile plains, and to the bright crystal streams which flow through them; but it is precisely because Oregon is geographically and geologically what it is that those who know it and have their homes here, could not be persuaded to leave it, and those who do not know will come and see and love and stay.—*Bedrock Democrat.*

The Prince Imperial not long ago went to a ball in Florence, where he looked and behaved thus: "With head erect he marched by us, and from his narrow, pale-blue eye gave a dissatisfied though almost unperceived glance at the unbending ranks. Shortly afterward, standing near him, we noted his resemblance to Napoleon III., both in figure, the long upper part of the body and short limbs, and in feature, though his kindly, somewhat unmeaning expression needs a good deal of culture, perhaps misfortune, certainly battle with life, to deserve the epithet showered upon him by tender-hearted bystanders of 'interesting.' He has had his 'baptism of fire,' but it has not singed him."

The ladies who wear Dr. Warner's health corset step along as lightly as gazelles and enjoy perfect freedom in every movement. Third street near Morrison.

REMOVED.—The office of the Howe Sewing Machine has been removed to Beck's brick building, Second st bet Morrison and Yamhill.

Captains and pilots will note the fact that Peter Wilhelm has fitted up two rooms for their especial use at the Fountain, corner Ash and First streets. Number of English papers on file, including the *Shipping and Mercantile Gazette*, a 48 column daily, published at London.

The Medical Institute of Dr. W. L. Adams, corner of First and Salmon streets, will be removed to Hood river in a few months. Till then chronic diseases of men and women will be treated in Portland as usual. An accomplished lady assistant to give baths to ladies and assist in their treatment always in the office.

FINNEN'S HAVANA CIGAR STORE,

Opposite Strowbridge's Block, has on hand and for sale a large assortment of fine Cigars, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, the best, cheapest and largest assortment in the city. Call, judge for yourself, and be convinced that I give more satisfaction for your money than any other retail store here.

98 FIRST STREET.

Portland Steam Scouring Mills Scour and re-nap Blankets; scour and repick Mattresses; scour Ply and Ingrain Carpets; Brussels Carpets threshed, cleansed and spots removed. Leave orders at Weeks & Morgan's and Powers' Furniture Store.

OREGON.

The clerk of Clackamas county issued five marriage licenses during February.

The Washington county people have organized a wolf club, and will make it tropical for the coyotes.

Butte Grange at Beaverton, will publicly dedicate their new hall April 21st, and they invite grangers of other sections to be present.

The Washington *Independent* says the Good Templars' hall at Hillsboro was crowded, at the recent festival, and a pleasant reunion was had.

There is to be a concert at Forest Grove, Saturday evening, for the benefit of the Congregational Sunday school of that place, and a free concert at Hillsboro to-night.

The revised premium list of the Washington County Agricultural Society will be out soon. In the two-year old races, single dash of three fourths of a mile, the entrance is $10.

Gov. Chadwick has appointed the following persons commissioners of deeds for Oregon: E. Walden Brewster, Denver, Colorado; F. C. Fallon, Philadelphia, Pa.; Wm. H. Burroll, Oakland, Cal., and Edward J. Jones, Boston, Mass.

A letter from Aumsville to the *Mercury* says most of the farmers on the hills are through seeding, but in many cases in the valley lands but little spring seeding has been done. Fall sown grain is all looking fine, with splendid prospects for a good yield the coming season.

On Monday February 19th, Mr. Louis Schambein was killed near Express Ranch, Baker county, by a man named L. W. Darling. The *Bedrock Democrat* has the following particulars of the homicide: It seems that during the excitement occasioned by the arrest of one Bow by, some time since, Schambien got frightened and sold his ranch to Darling for $400 in greenbacks and $20 in coin, and started to leave the country, but finally concluded to return. He passed through this city last Sunday and said he was going up to reclaim his ranch; he also told numerous persons on the road that he "would have the ranch or kill Darling. He arrived at the ranch, called Darling out, and said to him: It is you and I for it." Darling said "All right," and immediately raised his rifle and shot, the ball taking effect in the eye and killing him instantly. Darling at once sent for an officer and delivered himself up. This is the same ranch over which Schambien and Bush had a shooting scrape last summer. The Boise *Statesman* has a different version of the affair, in which it is said the quarrel arose in regard to some cattle, and that the party who did the killing was the agressor from the first.

THE EASTERN QUESTION.

A Basis of Peace Adopted.

BELGRADE, Feb. 28.—After the skuptschina had adopted a basis of peace, the session was closed. The hasty closing was both legal and imperative by necessity.

Peace Policy Prevailing.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—The Paris correspondent of the *Telegraph* says: I hear from St. Petersburg that the policy of the peace party was unhesitatingly manifest at the cabinet council and is in a fair way to prevail; that Russia will probably abandon the idea of isolated action, and that she means in certain events to demobilize the southern army.

A Second Circular.

The *Daily News'* correspondent at Vienna says: It is confidentially asserted Russia will dispatch to lay a second circular to the powers, pointing to the intolerable uncertainty of the present crisis, and reminding them that the first circular still remains unanswered.

Austria will Take a Hand.

PESTH, March 1.—Austria will concentrate an army corps on the Servian frontier, which will effectually guarantee the neutrality of Servia.

Silenced.

VIENNA, March 1.—The St. Petersburg *Vidomisti* has been threatened with suspension if it continues to agitate in favor of war.

Military Operations Improbable.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 28.—Gen. Ignatieff will soon leave for Vienna, Berlin and Paris. Military operations during the present season are improbable. The opinion that Russia will content herself with the united demonstration of the European fleets in the Bosphorus is by no means in harmony with the programme of the Russian government.

Accord of France and Germany.

PARIS, March 1.—The *Moniteur* says it has authentic information that Emperor William recently expressed to the French ambassador at Berlin his sincere satisfaction at the complete accord between the French and German representatives at the Constantinople conference.

Finances Settled the Business.

LONDON, March 1.—A *Times'* Vienna dispatch says it seems that the financial question has at last turned the scale in Roumania; M. Sturdoza, the new minister of finance, will not accept the office unless three radical measures are adopted, viz.: Reduction of armament, sale of State domains and increase of taxation. Consequently not only have no reserves been called out, but 4,000 of the standing army has been disbanded. The minister of war tendered his resignation, but the other ministers seem convinced that the foreign policy is the only way of avoiding the financial collapse which is imminent.

Opposed to Hostilities.

LONDON, March 1.—The Berlin correspondent of the *Times* says the leading personages of the Russian government continue to be opposed to immediate hostilities, and war will therefore in all probability be deferred until Turkey's financial and military decline is complete. There is, however, a chance that Turkey may assist Russia to demobilize her forces. Edhem Pasha's language seems to indicate some such intention. The Russian telegraphic agency declares that the desire for a pacific solution is universal.

Ignatieff's journeys abroad are for his health.

A special from St. Petersburg says the general opinion there is that Russia won't declare war against Turkey.

Demanding War.

LONDON, March 1.—The rumor is confirmed that the Sheriff of Mecca has sent a petition to the Sheik of Islam, demanding a declaration of war against Russia.

Produced a Sensation.

BELGRADE, March 1.—The Prince's decree dissolving the Skuptschina produced a decided sensation among the deputies, but the command was obeyed. Several agitators have been shot in the interior of the country.

Bank of England.

LONDON, March 1.—Bullion in the Bank of England increased £63,000 the past week; withdrawn on balance to-day, £200,000.

Theatrical benefits are now all the rage, but each man can have a benefit in his own home by buying and using Noble Whisky. For sale by the trade and by Millard & VanSchuyver, 39 Front st., Portland.

We understand that the whooping-cough is quite prevalent in the towns around us; but that no cases have proved fatal. Some families use nothing but *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment*. Our doctor, however says a little ipecac, to produce vomiting, would be an advantage.

There are more than one thousand different kinds of pills in the United States. Some of them are worthless and injurious, others are good and beneficial. Old Dr. Parsons invented the best anti-bilious pill we ever saw or heard of. They are now sold under the name of *Parson's Purgative Pills.*

NOTICE.

The undersigned in taking leave of Portland returns his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage that has been bestowed, and would bespeak for his successors a continuance of the same.

Both DRS. BARBER & NICKLIN, are gentlemen in every way competent and worthy of any confidence that may be placed in them, and as such I can conscientiously recommend them to my former friends and patrons.

J. H. HATCH.

OMNES PROSINT,

WM. PFUNDER,

APOTHECARY & CHEMIST,

Ankeny's New Market Theater Block, Portland, Oregon.

Pure Drugs, Chemicals and Medicines.

CHAS. E. BRAY,

Professor of Music,

Teacher of the Piano, Violin, Guitar and Cornet.

Leave orders at SHERMAN & HYDE'S, or at residence, cor. Fourth and Morrison streets.

GEO. H. CHANCE. J. WELCH.

CHANCE & WELCH,

Dentists,

Office—FIRST STREET,

(Odd Fellows' Temple.)

MONTHLY WEATHER REPORT.

WAR DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, DIVISION OF TELEGRAMS AND REPORTS FOR THE BENEFIT OF COMMERCE AND AGRICULTURE. METEOROLOGICAL SUMMARY FOR MONTH OF FEBRUARY, 1877, STATION PORTLAND, OREGON.

Date.		Daily Mean Barometer.	Daily Mean Temperature.	Daily Mean Humidity.	Prevailing direction of Wind.	Daily Rainfall.
Feb.	1	29.872	54.75	83.00	S	.87
"	2	30.154	48.75	84.30	S	.6[illegible]
"	3	30.460	43.25	89.00	N	.00
"	4	30.257	48.50	61.70	NW	.00
"	5	30.166	43.25	77.70	NE	.00
"	6	30.274	40.75	88.00	NW	.02
"	7	30.106	41.25	86.70	NW	.0[illegible]
"	8	29.806	46.75	85.00	S	.2[illegible]
"	9	30.095	37.25	75.30	NW	.2[illegible]
"	10	30.061	38.50	82.30	N	.00
"	11	29.773	37.00	78.70	SE	.53
"	12	30.252	44.50	84.30	S	.3[illegible]
"	13	30.261	44.50	81.70	S	.3[illegible]
"	14	30.417	37.50	85.00	N	.00
"	15	30.351	39.75	79.00	NW	.00
"	16	30.145	48.25	47.70	S	.[illegible]0
"	17	30.095	53.25	53.30	S	.00
"	18	29.936	56.25	51.70	S	.0[illegible]
"	19	29.951	52.50	55.00	S	1.08
"	20	30.156	51.50	65.00	NW	.35
"	21	30.114	54.00	58.30	NW	.1[illegible]
"	22	29.827	58.38	86.70	S	.8[illegible]
"	23	29.899	44.75	86.70	S	.3[illegible]
"	24	29.961	45.50	87.00	E	.3[illegible]
"	25	29.881	48.50	56.80	E	.0
"	26	30.201	45.30	78.70	N	.00
"	27	30.195	46.50	90.00	S	.03
"	28	30.042	48.70	58.00	S	.9
Means		30.099	46.23	78.46		

GENERAL ITEMS.—Highest barometer, 30.532; Lowest barometer, 29.728.

Highest temperature, 62° lowest temperature, 25°; Prevailing direction of wind, south. Greatest velocity of wind, 16 miles per hour.

Total number of miles, 2,414.

Number of clear days 2; Number of cloudy days other than on which rain or snow fell, 9; days on which rain or snow fell, 17.

Comparative temperatures, February, 1873, 40.5; 1874, 43.7; 1875, 40.5; 1876, 45.76; 1877, 46.23.

Comparative precipitation, February, 1873, 4.58 inches; 1874, 4.28 inches; 1875, 1.99 inches; 1876, 7.50 inches; 1877, 7.56.

EDWARD LLOYD,
Sgt. Sig. Ser., U. S. A.

Portland, March 1, 1876.

Breathing Miasma Without Injury.

There is no exaggeration in the statement that thousands of persons residing from one year's end to another in fever and ague regions on this Continent and elsewhere, breathe air more or less impregnated with miasma, without incurring the disease, simply and only because they are in the habit of using Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as a preventive. It has frequently happened, and the fact has been amply attested by the parties themselves, that persons surrounded on all sides by neighbors suffering the tortures of this shivering and burning plague, have enjoyed absolute immunity from it, thanks to the protection afforded by the Bitters. Nor is that standard anti-febrile cordial less efficacious in remedying than in preventing chills and fever, bilious remittents, and disorders of a kindred type. Taken between the paroxysms, it speedily mitigates their violence, and eventually prevents their recurrence. These facts, convincingly established by evidence, appeal with peculiar force to travelers and sojourners in malarious districts.

Remember This.

Now is the time of year for Pneumonia Lung Fever, Coughs, Colds and fatal results of predisposition to Consumption and other Throat and Lung Disease. BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP has been used in this neighborhood for the past two or three years without a single failure to cure. If you have not used this medicine yourself, go to your Druggist and ask him of its wonderful success among customers. Three doses will relieve the worst case. If you have no faith in any medicine, just buy a Sample Bottle of BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP for 10 cents and try it. Regular size bottle 75 cents. Don't neglect a cough to save 75 cents. Agents, Crane & Brigham, Wholesale Druggists, San Francisco.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM preserves and restores the complexion; removes freckles, tan and sallowness; makes the skin soft, white and delicate. Its application cannot be detected.

LYON'S KATHAIRON makes beautiful, glossy, luxuriant hair; prevents its falling out or turning gray. It has stood the test of 40 years. Is charmingly perfumed, and has no rival.

People who Have

Cut their wise teeth, use the SOZODONT, and all who are willing to declare to all who don't use it, that it is the most perfect and delightful thing for the teeth they ever dipped a brush in.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

Cristaux Vernal Inn.

FROM MONDAY, THE 5TH OF THIS MONTH I am prepared to take Boarders by the MONTH, WEEK OR DAY.

Hoping to have successful patronage to induce me to provide the best the market affords, and my best ability to satisfy my customers, I am, Ladies and Gentlemen, your best Caterer,

FRANK FABRE.

Second street, bet. Morrison and Yamhill.

Private Rooms for Families, Ladies and Gentlemen.

SOL'S RESTAURANT!

The Best on the Pacific Coast.

FIRST STREET, BAR STAND.

Whatever Delicacies the market affords will be found at this place. Ladies will find it the most convenient place to lunch while out shopping, where they will have the most polite attention.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,

Cor. Front and Morrison Sts.

GEORGE COGGAN.........PROPRIETOR.

I beg leave to inform the public that I have taken charge of the RESTAURANT connected with this popular Hotel, and it will hereafter be conducted in connection with the House and by the Proprietor. The DINING ROOM is now located on the ground floor, and is under the supervision of an experienced CATERER and the tables will at all times be supplied with the best the market affords. The ST. CHARLES being the only first class fire proof hotel in the city, SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATIONS will be given to guests, and rooms furnished single or in suits at prices ranging from $1 to $2 50 per day with board. FREE COACH runs between the Hotel and all trains and boats for accommodation of guests.

GEORGE COGGAN.

NORTON HOUSE,

Cor. C & First Sts., Portland,

This House is a Fire-Proof Brick, Newly Furnished with the best Spring Beds.

RATES OF BOARD:

Board and Lodging, per week...$5 to $6 00

Per day...$1 00

Single Meals...25c Lodging...25c to 50c

Free Coach to and from the House.

P. NORTON, Proprietor.

Formerly of the Portland Hotel.

SPECIAL NOTICE:

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE THE RESTAURANT connected with this House will be conducted by the Proprietors.

Nothing will be left undone to make guests feel at home, and by strict attention to business we hope to continue the very liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on this popular House.

Free Coach to and from the House.

S. D. SMITH & THOMAS SMITH,
Proprietors.

REMOVED

To FIRST STREET, opposite Odd Fellows' Hall,

WILSPON & VAUTIER'S

PIONEER CHOP HOUSE.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

THE BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS.

Private Rooms for Ladies, Gentlemen or Parties. Orders out of the House promptly attended to.

METROPOLIS HOTEL,

Corner First and Main Streets.

THE UNDERSIGNED, FORMERLY OF THE Multnomah House, having repaired and refurnished the above named Hotel, is now ready to accommodate the public in a satisfactory manner at the following rates:

Board and Lodging, per week...$5 50

Board per week...4 50

Board and Lodging, per day...1 00

The Table will always be supplied with the best the market affords.

JOHN SCHADE, Proprietor.

PALACE HOTEL,

SAN FRANCISCO.

GRADUATED PRICES.

Rooms with Board $3 per Day

Rooms with Board $4 per Day

Rooms with Board $5 per Day

And Upwards.

Warren Leland, Lessee.
feb3-1m

GEO. A. RAYMOND. WM. B. WILSHIRE, Late with Hall's Safe and Lock Co

MACNEALE & URBAN'S SAFES

With Patent Inside Bolt Work & Flanged Cap—without which no Safe is complete.

Bank Vault Doors, Burglar Proof Safes, for County Treasurers, Locks, &c., &c.

We DO NOT claim to make CHEAP Safes, but we DO claim to make the BEST, and we do claim that even our FIRE-PROOF SAFES cannot be burglarized in five minutes' time—and moreover we do claim our ability to demonstrate these facts conclusively.

We make a SAFE especially adapted to the use of STEAMBOATS without any fire proof filling, thus giving much more inside room. Safe has either COMBINATION or KEY LOCK. The attention of STEAMBOAT MEN is called to this SAFE.

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THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTing between Samuel and Henry Seller under the firm name of S. & H. Seller, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, S. Seller retiring therefrom. All outstanding accounts due the late firm will be collected by our successors, Seller & Falk, and all liabilities assumed by the same.

S. & H. SELLER.

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Harrisburg, Feb. 19, 1877. fe20d2w

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Written for the Oregonian.

CONTENTED.

Swiftly adown yon distant hill,
  Where sighing boughs wave over head,
Untiring flows a little rill
  Along its cool and pebbly bed.

Though ne'er for it the sunlight glows,
  Nor moonbeams quiver o'er its breast;
Though 'long its banks the brier grows,
  And scarce a bird builds there its nest.

Yet uncomplaining, on it speeds,
  Singing the while a soothing song;
The restless leaves it scarcely heeds
  Drop on its breast and float along.

It envies not the broader streams
  That glitter in the sun's glad light,
Or midly glow 'neath Luna's beams,
  Throughout the long and lonesome night.

It heeds not they are grand and great,
  While it is but an humble rill;
It seems to know a kindly fate
  Has marked its path adown the hill.

And so, contented with its lot,
  Pursues its course through countless days,
Filling that sweet sequestered spot
  With a perpetual song of praise.

CHEHALIS, W. T., Feb. 11, 1877.

'STUR-ING A MEETIN'.

HOW A YOUNG WOMAN GOT UP AN EXCITEMENT IN A COLORED CHURCH.

[St. Louis Republican, Feb. 3.]

The ante-rooms of the Court of Criminal Correction were crowded yesterday with colored people of both sexes, most of whom had been summoned as witnesses in the case of the State against Lizzie Huggins, a pudgy, fat-faced, fiery-eyed little colored woman, who labored under the charge of disturbing the religious congregation of the Mount Zion church, on January 22d. The case was called at 10:30 o'clock, and the two armies of witnesses stood in rows, glared all sorts of things at each other, and swore to tell the whole truth, after which they were excluded.

The principal witness for the State, and the instigator of the prosecution, was Rev. Thomas Jefferson Jones, the pastor of the disturbed flock. He was a dignified, middle-aged party with a cane and gaudy necktie, and was evidently not above having an opinion of his own about some ungodly folks. He testified that on the night in question he was in the pulpit, begging the brethren to come to the Lord—at least to the mourners' bench—when that Lizzie Huggins got up and says she: "What bizness you got 'zortin' dese nigger sinners to come to the mourners' bench? Better clean your own self before you get up there 'zortin' sinners—you had. You an' 'Manda Taggett goin' 'roun' and doin' your devilishness, an' then you comin' here an' 'zortin'!" Witness, as soon as he could get a word in, hollered out, "Order in de congregation!" and then Lizzie Huggins' husband went to the bench and told her to get up and come right out of that church. She was his'n and she had to come. But Lizzie Huggins she got up and said she wouldn't come, and she wasn't going to come, and none of them devilish niggers could make her come. And the congregation got so excited that witness had to give it up and dismiss them.

On cross-examination the witness repeated his story in somewhat greater detail. Being asked whether or not Lizzie Huggins' allusions about 'Manda Taggett were true, witness replied that was his and 'Manda's business. The charge was "'sturbin' de congregation," and he was ready to prove that that congregation was mightily 'sturbed.

The next witness was a young man, who testified that everything went along peaceable-like that night; another gentleman and then Mr. Johnson preached, and just as Mr. Johnson was going to pronounce the Doxology, Lizzie Huggins jumped up and raised a commotion, making remarks about the minister and 'Manda Taggett; then Lizzie Huggins' husband went to where she was sitting and says he: "Come out of this church, Lizzie Huggins; you's my meat, you b'long to me," but Lizzie said no devilish niggas could put her out; and everybody got to kicking up a muss, and so they couldn't go on with any more business, and so the meeting got broken up.

Several other witnesses, and among them the 'Manda Taggett referred to, who is a saucy looking wench, testified to about the same state of facts, all agreeing that Lizzie Huggins had advised the minister to clean the mourners' bench by mending his own ways before 'zortin' other sinners to come and be saved.

Then the defense introduced as a witness the venerable Deacon Sam Gobout. He said he had witnessed the commotion, and he believed it started all 'long of the preacher. The commotion looked like it was all over the church, and not much of anywhere in particular. Witness watched it awhile "to see whar it landed," and he couldn't make much out of it. "Remarks was a drappin all round," said he, "an' if Lizzie Huggins said anything, which I doesn't say but she did, it was all 'long of what the preacher was a sayin'. He a sayin' the congregation was like mules, an' tellin' 'em to come up to the mourners' bench. I tole him to drap that talk an' tend to his gospel, but he wouldn't do it, an' so there was a row. An' then—bet if you's got 'nuff I'l quit, Mister Judge."

The witness was excused and another came on, who testified that the minister was calling people monkeys and rabbits, and billy goats and heathens, all because they wouldn't come up to the mourners' bench, and that's what made Lizzie Huggins tell him he'd better clean that mourners' bench first—he better quit his devilitry with 'Manda Taggett. She didn't make much more fuss than anyone else neither.

Another witness testified that the preacher was calling sinners villifying names, and saying "it was a shame to see so many sinners standin' back there, snickerin' an' laffin' an' not comin' for'ard to get their souls saved." There wasn't much of a fuss, either, an' the preacher he says, "Lizzie Huggins, I'll jerk some money outen you to-morrer—see ef I don't." The meeting was "ostensibly" over, anyhow.

Rache Smith testified that she was asleep in one of the pews, and was awakened by the row, and she didn't see Lizzie Huggins do anything wrong.

Judge Cady suggested to Lizzie that she ought to have secured an ecclesiastical trial of her pastor if she didn't like his ways. She replied that she tried that and it got smothered, so she just talked right out in meeting. But she didn't disturb the meeting.

Judge Cady said she might have occasioned the loss of numerous souls by thus depriving them of an opportunity to go to the mourners' bench.

Well, she didn't keep anybody from going to the mourners' bench. Preacher Jones had told her hisself that 'Mandy Taggett tried to seduce him, and he just got mad because she told it in meeting.

Lizzie was fined $1 and costs.

A club man's hard times confession: "I used to think it meant, a few years ago, to invite a friend to dinner, without asking him what kind of champagne he would have; but now I ask him whether he prefers beer or—water." We have touched "hard-pan."

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

THURSDAY EVENING, March 1, 1877.

Gold in New York, 105.

The same conditions obtain in the money market as at our last review, and these conditions will probably continue until the settlement of the Presidential controversy. There is an abundance of money offering with a very indifferent demand, and no change will probably be noted until the spring wool crop will begin to come in. The week has been extremely dull, though merchants say the volume of business is about as usual at this time of year. The fisheries along the Lower Columbia are beginning to show a little activity and will probably give some impetus to trade. The condition of funds in San Francisco indicate a surplus, and the rates of interest point conclusively to the fact that low rates must prevail in the future.

Domestic Produce.

There are no movements in the produce market worth noting. Quotations are merely nominal. But few transactions are mentioned in wheat. All that is available is held by three or four. A small quantity is coming from east of the mountains, but not rapidly. Reports from all points indicate a full crop next fall.

Flour has declined a point in some brands, although the demand from the Sound is steady and increasing.

Oats are ruling lower owing to the glutted condition of the San Francisco market.

Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—The market is very quiet and average quotations nominal; Willamette Valley, $1 85@1 87; Walla Walla Valley, $1 80@1 85 per cental.

FLOUR—Quotable, best brands, $5 50@$6 00 ℔ bbl; good outside and country brands, $5 25@$5 50; fine and superfine, $4 75@5 00.

OATS—Choice, 65@67½; feed, 50@55.

POTATOES—Dull at 35@40c per bushel.

ONIONS—As to quality, $1 50@1 75 ℔ 100 lbs.

HAY—Choice timothy, baled, $15@$16; loose, $14 @$15.

LARD—Oregon made, fresh, in tins, 12@13c ℔ lb in kegs, 10@12c.

DRIED PLUMS—With pits, 4@5c; pitless, 12½ @14c ℔ lb.

DRIED APPLES—In sacks 5c, kegs 6½ ℔ lb.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Butter, solid, 12½@20c ℔ lb; brine, 22@25c; roll, 30c; fancy dairy, 30@35c; cheese, quotable at 15@16c ℔ lb. Market dull.

BACON—Market well supplied at 12@13c for sides; 2@14c for hams, and 8½@10½c for shoulders.

CHICKENS—Market well supplied at $2 50@3 50 per dozen, according to quality.

EGGS—There is a moderate demand at 15c per dozen.

FRESH MEATS—Beef, dressed, 4@5c ℔ lb; on foot, 2@2½c; dressed hogs, 6@6½c ℔ lb; mutton sheep $2@2 50 ℔ head.

BARLEY—Choice brewing, $1 20@1 25; feed, $1 5 @1 20 ℔ cwt.

MILL FEED—Bran, $18@20 ℔ ton; shorts, $22 50 @25; chop, middlings, etc., $27 50a$30; oil cake meal, $37 50.

HOPS—Quotable at 17@18c.

HIDES AND FURS—We quote best selected hides at 14c ℔ lb; culls, ⅓ off; green, salted, 4@5c; elk, 10 @12c ℔ lb; deer, 15@25c ℔ lb for dried, and 50@75c each, green; mink skins, $1 50 each; otter, $1@5 each; beaver, 75@$1 25 ℔ lb.

San Francisco Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 28.—Wheat—Firm and unchanged.

Oats—Weak under arrivals from Oregon; $1 75 @2 20.

Potatoes—75c for strictly choice, down to 25c.

Barley—Firmer; feed, $1 20; brewing, $1 22½@1 30.

Corn—$1 45@1 50.

Legal tenders—95¼@96¼.

Gold—104½; Silver, 6½@6¾.

Liverpool quotations of wheat market for yesterday, just received, show a decline of a penny all round.

Shipping Intelligence.

Messrs. Allen & Lewis are slowly completing the cargo of the Athelstane, and it will be some days yet before the cargo will be all on board.

The schr Hera is still lying in berth at Flanders' wharf.

The Dovenby is still discharging cargo at Flanders' wharf.

The Tam O'Shanter and the Portland, from San Francisco on the 19th and 21st, respectively, are now due.

The Elder will sail from San Francisco next Saturday with freight and passengers.

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Franklin,
Gate Creek,
Goshen,
Irving,
Isabel,
Junction,
Long Tom,
Mohawk,
McKenzie Bridge,
Pleasant Hill,
Siuslaw,
Spencer Creek,
Springfield,
Trent,
Wallerville,
Willamette Forks,

Lake.
Antler,
Bonanza,
Chewaukan,
Dairy,
Drew's Valley,
Goose Lake,
Linkville,
Langell Valley,
Merganzer,
Silver Lake,
Sprague River,
Summer,
Tule Lake,
White Hall,
Yainax,

Linn.
*Albany,
Big Prairie,
*Brownsville,
Crawfordsville,
Fox Valley,
Waterloo,
*Harrisburg,
Halsey,
Jordan,
Lebanon,
Miller,
Mount Pleasant,
Peoria,
Pine,
Scio,
Soda Stone,
Shedd's,
Sodaville,
Sweethome,
Tangent,

Marion.
Aurora,
Aumsville,
Butteville,
Butte Creek,
Fairfield,
Gervais,
Howell Prairie,
Hubbard's,
Jefferson,
Marion,
Monitor,
Newellsville,
*Salem,
Silverton,

Stayton,
St. Paul,
Sublimity,
Turner,
Woodburn,

Multnomah.
Albina,
East Portland,
Pleasant Home,
*Portland,
Powell's Valley,
Rooster Rock,
Sauvies Island,
St. Johns,
Willam'te Slough

Polk.
Bethel,
Buena Vista,
*Dallas,
Eola,
Elk Horn,
Grand Ronde,
Independence,
Lincoln,
Lewisville,
Monmouth,
Perrydale,
Rickreal,
Zena,

Tillamook.
Kilchis,
Nehalem,
Nestockton,
Tillamook,

Umatilla.
Butter Creek,
Hepner,
Lena,
Milton,
Midway,
Pilot Rock,
Pendleton,
*Umatilla,
Weston,
Willow Forks,

Union.
Island City,
*La Grande,
Orodell,
Sparta,
Sand Ridge,
Prairie Creek,
Pritchard
Summerville,
Union,
Wallowa,

Wasco.
Antelope,
Bake Oven,
Camp Polk
Bridge Creek,
Deschutes,
Fossil,
Hood River,
Olex,
Prineville,
Mitchel,
Mt. Hood,
Pine Creek,
Spring Valley,
Scotts,
Spanish Hollow,
*The Dalles,
Upper Ochoco,
Warm Springs,
Willoughby.

Washington.
Beaverton,
Cedar Mill,
Cornelius,
Dilley,
*Forest Grove,
Gale's Creek,
Gaston,
Glencoe,
Greenville,
Hillsboro,
Middleton,
Mountain Dale,
Sholl's Ferry,
Taylor's Ferry,
Tualatin,
West Union,

Yamhill.
Amity,
Bellevue,
Carleton,
Dayton,
*Lafayette,
*McMinnville,
North Yamhill,
St. Joe,
Sheridan,
West Chehalem,
Wheatland,
Newberg.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

Clallam Co.
Neah Bay,
New Dungeness,
Port Angeles,

Clarke.
Battle Ground,
Brush Prairie,
Lewis River,
Hayse,
Mill Plain,
Martin's Bluff,
Pioneer,
Stoughton,
Union Ridge,
*Vancouver,
Washougal,

Chehalis.
Cedarville,
Chehalis Point,
Elma,
Hoquiam,
Montesano,
Oakville,
Satsop,
Sharon,

Columbia.
Dayton,
Pataha Prairie,
Tukanon.

Cowlitz.
Castle Rock,
Freeport,
Kalama,
Cowlitz,
Monticello,
Mt. Coffin,
Oak Point,
Olequa,
Pekin,

Island.
Coupeville,
Coveland,
Utsalady,
Oak Harbor,

Jefferson.
Port Discovery,
Port Ludlow,
*Port Townsend,

King.
Dwamish,
Fall City,
Renton,
*Seattle,
Slaughter,
Snoqualmie,
Squak,
White River

Kitsap.
Blakely,

Port Gamble,
Port Madison,
Seabeck,

Klickitat.
Block House,
Columbus,
Goldendale,
Klickitat City,
Klickitat Land'g,
White Salmon.

Lewis.
Boisfort,
Chehalis,
Cowlitz,
Claquato,
Little Falls,
Gleneden,
Meadow Brook,
Mossy Rock,
Napavine,
Newaukum,
Newaukum Pr'ie
Silver Creek,
Skookum Chuck,
Winlock,

Mason.
Arcadia,
Oakland,
Skokomish,

Pierce.
Ellis
Lake View,
Puyallup,
*Steilacoom,
Sumner,
New Tacoma,
*Tacoma,

Pacific.
Bay Centre,
Ilwaco,
Brookfield,
Chinook,
Knappton,
Oysterville,
Riverside,
South Bend,
Woodard'sLand'g

San Juan.
Friday Harbor,
Lopez Island,
San Juan'

Snohomish.
Centerville,
Lowell,
Mukilteo,
Snohomish,
Tulalip.

Skamania.
Cascades,

Collins' Landing,

Stevens.
Fort Colville,
Owensburgh,
Rock Creek,
Spokane Bridge
Spokane Falls,
Walker's Prairie,

Thurston.
Beaver,
Miami Prairie,
*Olympia,
Tenino
Tumwater,
Yelm.

Wakiakum.
Cathlamet,
Eagle Cliff,
Skamokaway,
Waterford,

Walla Walla.
Alpowa,
Burksville,
*Walla Walla,
Wallula,
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Whatcom.
Lynden,
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La Conner,
Lehmit,
Samish
Semiahmoo,
Skagit,
Trudder,
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Whitman.
Penewawa,
Cedar Creek,
Colfax,
Ewartsville,
Hangman Creek,
Leitchville,
Palouse,
Rosalia,
Steptoe,

Yakima.
Attanam,
Ellensburg,
Fort Simcoe,
Konnewock,
Kittitas,
Mok See,
Nanum,
Pleasant Grove,
Selah,
Yakima.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steamer

GEO. W. ELDER,

FRANCIS CONNOR.............................Commander

Will leave the Company's Wharf at Foot of F street for the above port on

SATURDAY, MARCH 10, 1877,
At 6 o'clock A. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For PORT TOWNSEND, VICTORIA, NANAIMO, FORT WRANGLE and SITKA.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE STEAMSHIP
"CALIFORNIA,"

CHAS. THORN..............................Commander

Will leave the Oregon Steamship Company's Wharf, foot of F street, for the above ports on

SATURDAY, MARCH 10, 1877,
At 4 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at corner F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.
VIA TACOMA.

THE FIRST CLASS IRON STEAMSHIP

CITY OF PANAMA.

Passengers for San Francisco via Victoria will leave Portland per Steamer "Welcome," on

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 17, 1877, AT 6 A.M.

THROUGH FARE, from Portland to San Francisco
Cabin...........$25 00 | Steerage.........$12 00

Tickets for sale at Office Oregon Steam Navigation Company, corner Front and Ash streets, up stairs.

Through Tickets sold to China, Sandwich Islands, Australia, New Zealand, Panama and New York.

RIVER STEAMERS.

THE WILLAMETTE

Transportation and Locks Co's

STEAMERS leave PORTLAND from the Central Wharf, between Washington and Alder streets, as follows:

FOR DAYTON—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 A. M.

For SALEM, ALBANY, CORVALLIS and Way Landings, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

For Lightering and Towing of Vessels

Between Portland and Astoria apply at the office of the Company, near corner of Front and Washington streets.

FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

THE WILLAMETTE

Transportation & Locks Co.'s

NOTICE.

ON AND AFTER JANUARY 1, 1877, until further notice, the W. T. & L. Co. will carry Freight at

REDUCED RATES.

UP FREIGHT:

PORTLAND TO SALEM...............$1 00 per Ton.
" " Points above Salem 1 50 "

For SPECIAL RATES on DOWN FREIGHT apply at the Office of the Company.

FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

PASSENGER SCHEDULE.

PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND FOR DALLES—Daily, (except Sunday) at 5 o'clock A. M.

FOR UMATILLA and WALLULA—Monday and Friday at 5 A. M.

FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M.

FOR KALAMA, TACOMA AND SEATTLE—Daily (except Sunday), at 6 A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Daily, (except Sunday,) at 6 A. M.

For Cathlamet, Bay View and Skamokaway—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

For Westport, Clifton and Knappa—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.

J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

"CITY OF SALEM"

Will Leave Pacific Wharf for

CORVALLIS

AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS, ON

Wednesdays and Saturdays,

At 6 o'clock A. M.,

U. B. SCOTT & CO.

Z. J. HATCH, Agent.

STR. McMINNVILLE

WILL LEAVE PACIFIC DOCK every

Monday, Wednesday & Friday

At 7 o'clock A. M., for

Oregon City, Butteville, Champoeg, Dayton, Lafayette and McMinnville.

For rates apply on board, or to the Agent on the wharf.

STEAMER S. T. CHURCH

OWING TO SCARCITY OF FREIGHT AND low rates for carrying the same, the above named Steamer will not run again until further notice. f2:d13t W. COCHRAN & CO.

Portland & Vancouver Packet.

THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,

JAS. T. GRAY, Master,

WILL LEAVE FOOT OF ALDER STREET daily, Sundays excepted, at 2:30 P. M. Returning, leave Vancouver at 8 A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board.

Towing done between 10:30 A. M. and 2 P. M. daily, except Sundays.

LAW CARDS.

SIDNEY DELL,
Attorney at Law,
Office—Second floor Strowbridge's new building, First street, Portland, Oregon. fe4d1m

T. A. McBRIDE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office in Monnastes' Brick, First street, Portland. n17d3m

WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER,
Attorneys at Law,
Rooms Nos. 7 and 8 in Gilsan's Building, corner First and Ash Streets, Portland.

B. WHITTEN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
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Court Street, Dalles City, Oregon.
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F. A. CHENOWETH,
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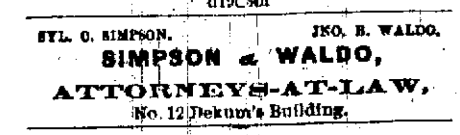

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Cor. Third and A streets, Portland, P. O. Box 135

DEALER IN BILLIARDS AND BILLIARD Goods of all descriptions. Agent for the J. M. Brunswick & Balke Co. Standard Novelty Billiard, Virginius Pool Tables, etc., etc.

RAILROADS.

Oregon & California R. R. Co

To Take Effect Sunday, Sept. 17, 1876, at 12 o'clock Noon.

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY),
As follows:

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	7:30 A. M.	Roseburg	[illegible]:00 P. M.
Roseburg	5:00 A. M.	Portland	[illegible] P. M.

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)
as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	3:30 P. M.	Albany	8:25 P. M.
Albany	5:30 A. M.	Portland	10:05 A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS

DAILY, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) AS FOLLOWS

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	6:15 A. M.	Junction	6:00 P. M.
Junction	5:45 A. M.	Portland	5:15 P. M.

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all Regular Trains.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

Tickets for Sale to all the principal points in California and the East, at Company's Office,

Cor. F and Front Sts., at Ferry Landing

PORTLAND.

Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

Freight will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr., Gen'l Sup't.

E. P. ROGERS,
Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

PACIFIC DIVISION.

KALAMA TO TACOMA.

DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Kalama	11:20 A. M.	Tacoma	5:30 P. M.
Tacoma	6:30 A. M.	Kalama	2:30 P. M.

CONNECTIONS

At Kalama with O. S. N. Co.'s Boats for all points on Columbia River.

At Tenino with stages for Olympia.

At Tacoma with Steamers for Seattle, Olympia and all other points on Puget Sound.

On Saturday and Wednesday at 6 A. M. with steamers for Port Townsend, Victoria, Nanaimo, New Westminster and Fraser River.

Connecting Tri-Monthly with Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s Steamers from VICTORIA to SAN FRANCISCO.

Through fare from Portland to San Francisco:
Cabin.............$25 00 | Steerage...........$12 00

Through Tickets for sale at the office of the O. S. N. Co., Portland, Or.

W. SPRAGUE,
General Superintendent.

E. W. FAIRWEATHER,
General Ticket Agent.

LIVERY AND HACK STABLES.

OREGON TRANSFER COMPANY

OFFICE AT DRAY & HACK STABLES,

S. W. Corner of Second and Stark streets.

All business entrusted to us will be executed with care and dispatch.

ORDERS FOR HACKS PROMPTLY ATTENDED to, Day or Night.

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Livery, Hack & Feed Stables

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Reasonable Charges for Hire. Particular Attention paid to Boarding Horses.

Orders for Hacks Promptly Attended to DAY OR NIGHT.

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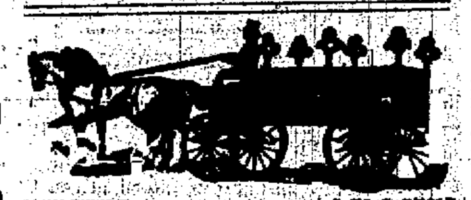

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EWERY & GARNOLD,

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DEALERS IN

Metalic & Wooden Coffins, Caskets, Cases and all kinds of Undertakers Goods.

All kinds of CABINET WORK made to order.

Furniture Repaired.

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H. COOKE. C. P. CRAFT.

COOKE & CRAFT,

UNDERTAKERS,

And dealers in Undertakers' Goods,

77 Second St., bet. Washington and Stark,

Portland, Oregon. P. O. Box 19.

Attention! Potato Growers.

PURE SEED POTATOES.

THE CULTIVATION OF THE POTATO IN THE United States has assumed immense proportions, and has resulted in the origination of many new and valuable acquisitions. Once, the form of a potato was acknowledged a *potato* whether *good* or *poor*. In most of the States of the Union the farmer has found it as easy and cheaper to grow a *superior* tuber as a *worthless one*. We cultivate our fruits and grains for their earliness and superior quality; why should we not do the same by the POTATO which is of so much importance in every household? Purity of seed and the earliest in the ripening is of great importance to the farmers of Oregon. The farmer that can clear up his potato fields before the October rains relieves himself of a deal of hard, dirty work, and houses a superior crop in quantity and quality of Ripe Potatoes.

We raise some good potatoes in Oregon, but the majority do not fully mature on account of frosts and fall rains. With great interest in improving Potato cultivation in Oregon, I have successfully cultivated and now offer for sale at HACHENEY & STEMME'S SEED DEPOT, the following valuable varieties, grown on *mountain land*, and from seed stock of B. K. Bliss & Sons, New York:

ALPHA—The earliest variety in cultivation, and superior quality;

RUBY—Hybridized with Early Rose and White Peachblow; flesh possesses much of the character of Peachblows; early.

SNOWFLAKE—Snow white when boiled, and whether for boiling or baking has no superior.

EUREKA—A white Potato of large size and very productive.

EXTRA EARLY VERMONT—Ten days earlier than the Rose, more hardy, a large cropper; when the Early Rose has failed to produce a crop this variety has never failed.

BROWNELL'S BEAUTY—A large fine potato ripening in September.

COMPTON SURPRISE—A dark skin, but flesh of extra whiteness; remains free from sprouts when kept until June.

PEERLESS, or Bresee, No. 6—Large uniform size, fine quality, and the most prolific potato grown; ripens in August. Also

Vanderveer, Peachblow, Early Rose, and Garnet Chili.

P. F. BRADFORD,

Portland, Feb. 15, 1877.

HACHENEY & STEMME.
Seed Depot, cor. Taylor and First sts., Portland.
fe16d6twtf

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(Over Ladd & Tilton's Bank.

Over 7,000 Volumes.
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Membership Free to All.

MONTHLY DUES $1 00—QUARTERLY DUES, $3

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M. P. Deady, President.
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109 FRONT STREET,

Successors to A. F. Smith & Co.,

General Agents for the

UNRIVALED WEBER AND HAVEN ... PIANOS.

ALSO, THE ESTEY ORGAN. OVER 70,000 ...

DEALERS IN

Sheet Music, Violins, Accordeons, Guitars, and Merchandise.

SEND FOR PRICE LIST.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ordinance No. 1955.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING CERTAIN APPROPRIATIONS out of the Fire Department Fund

The city of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The following sums are hereby appropriated out of the Fire Department Fund to the several objects hereinafter named, to be expended under the provisions of Ordinance No. 1436, or in such other manner as the Common Council may by ordinance direct:

For repairs to hydrants, seventy five dollars.

For repairs to cisterns and cistern tops, five hundred dollars.

For the construction of cisterns and connecting cisterns with water mains, sixteen hundred dollars.

For the payment of the construction of cisterns contracted for prior to the 1st day of January, 1877, sixteen hundred dollars.

For repairs to fire apparatus furnishing supplies and the incidental expenses of the Fire Department, thirteen hundred dollars.

For repairs to engine houses and other buildings used for fire department purposes, seven hundred dollars.

For payment of hose contracted for and delivered during the year 1876, three thousand dollars.

For repairs, supplies, and incidental expenses connected with the fire alarm telegraph, five hundred dollars.

For procuring and putting in additional fire alarm box, two hundred and fifty dollars.

Passed the Common Council Feb. 21, 1877.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved Feb. 23, 1877.

J. A. CHAPMAN,
Mayor.

fe24d5t

Ordinance No. 19[illegible].

AN ORDINANCE TO CHANGE AND ESTABLISH certain grades on C street.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The owners of more than two thirds of the property affected thereby, having petitioned therefor the grade of C street is hereby changed and established as follows:

At its intersection with North Second street at 21.5 feet above the base of grades.

At its intersection with North Third street at 21.5 feet above the base of grades.

Passed the Common Council Feb. 21, 1877.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved. Feb. 23, 1877.

J. A. CHAPMAN,
Mayor.

fe24d5t

Ordinance No. 1932.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING AN APPROPRIATION out of the Fire Department Fund for the relief of Engine Co. No. 2.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. It appearing to the Common Council that the "heater" now in use upon the steam fire engine of Engine Co. No. 2 has become so much worn by long and continued use, as to render it inefficient, and that a new "heater" of the same pattern but of superior construction should be obtained for the use of said Company. The sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars is hereby appropriated out of the Fire Department Fund to provide for the relief of said Company and to enable them to procure a "heater" of the desired pattern.

Passed the Common Council Feb. 21, 1877.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved Feb. 23, 1877.

J. A. CHAPMAN,
Mayor.

fe24d5t

Stark Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Common Council of the City of Portland propose to improve Stark street from the west line of Fourth street to the west line of Sixth street by Macadamizing the roadway full width, with the necessary grading therefor, and by repairing sidewalks and crosswalks or laying new ones where necessary.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Feb. 24, 1877. fe24d10t

State Treasurer's Notice.

STATE OF OREGON,
TREASURER'S OFFICE,
Salem, Feb. 2, 1877.

NOTICE is hereby given that there are funds in the Treasury applicable to the payment of the following warrants, to-wit: Nos. 445, 447, 448, 450, 451, 456, 457, 461, 462, 467, [illegible], 465, 470, 474, 446, 476, 475, 478, [illegible], 482, [illegible], 480, 490, 46[illegible], [illegible], 492, 493, 495, 494, 496, [illegible], 497, [illegible], [illegible], 501, [illegible], [illegible], [illegible], 514, 516, 518, 519, 521, 522, 525, [illegible], 527, 523, [illegible], 534, 537, [illegible], 529, 548, 538, 531, 532 and 564.

Interest on these warrants will cease from this date.

A. H. BROWN,
State Treasurer.

e12d2w

State Treasurer's Notice.

TREASURER'S OFFICE,
SALEM, [illegible], 1877.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THERE are funds in the Treasury applicable to the payment of the following warrants to wit: Nos. 303, 305, 307, 306, 323, [illegible], [illegible], 326, 327, [illegible], [illegible], [illegible], 334, 335, 336, 337, [illegible], [illegible], [illegible], [illegible], [illegible], [illegible], [illegible], 364, 367, 369, 375, 387, [illegible], [illegible], 40[illegible], 405, 411, 416, 415, 424, 425, 428, 429, 430, 421, [illegible], [illegible], [illegible], [illegible], [illegible], 397, 393, 399, 414, 427, 436, 438, 439, 476, 411.

Interest on these warrants will cease from this date.

A. H. BROWN,
State Treasurer.

feb2w

IMMIGRANTS, CAPITALISTS

Wishing to invest, and those in Search of Homes, Sent Free.

YOU SAVE DISAPPOINTMENT AND EXpense by consulting the undersigned, author of the Book of Information and Settlers' Guide, describing minutely all the more important bodies of the Public Lands on the Pacific Slope; facilities for settlement, markets, health, etc., with a Supplement, (just published.) Also, Washington Territory, giving a minute description of its lands and facilities for settlement, land law, climate, resources, etc., (second edition just published.) I have cultivated the soil in various parts of California, Oregon and in Washington Territory. The principal part of the last seven years spent in exploring and examining the same, at great expense of time, labor and money. All the principal parts are visited within the past twelve months. This, together with a residence and experience of over thirty years on this coast, has given me a very thorough practical knowledge of the whole country. Special information and advice given, such as: our government lands, best bodies of, where found, quality of soil, what best adapted for, facilities for market, climate, health, etc. Our native forest timber, where found in their greatest perfection, adaptation to the mechanical arts, etc. Investments, stock raising, dairying, business openings, etc., together with advantages and disadvantages of any given section. No interests to subserve, other than to give correct and reliable information, and receive a moderate compensation for my labor. Full set of the above publications sent by mail to any part of the United States on receipt of fifty cents. Where special information or advice is required, fifty cents additional should be sent in registered letter.

Address M. HARRISON.
d28d1aw3&w3m Cartwrights, Oregon.

EVERDING & BEEBE,

Commission Merchants,

EXPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

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STAPLE GROCERIES,

FIRE BRICK and FIRE CLAY,

GRAIN SACKS & TWINE

NO. 27 FRONT ST.,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

L. HEXTER. L. MAY.

HEXTER & MAY

Have just opened at

88, 90 and 92 FRONT ST.,

An Entire New and Large Stock of

TINWARE,

Metals, Stoves and Ranges,

TINNERS' STOCK & TOOLS,

Japanned Ware, House Furnishing Goods

Special Orders Promptly Executed.

K. of P.—EXCELSIOR LODGE No. 1,

MEETS EVERY WEDNESDAY EVENING, AT 7½ o'clock, in Castle Hall, corner of First and Taylor streets. Members of Sister Lodges and sojourning brethren are cordially invited to attend

ARTHUR WILSON, C. C.

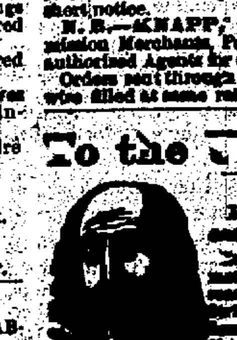
HY. DOBINSON, K. of R. and S. eW

N. W. SPAULDING

Saw-Smithing & Repairing

ESTABLISHMENT,

SAN FRANCISCO.



Nervous and [illegible]

At 426 Kearny [illegible]

Beef, Pork, Mutton [illegible]

EVERDING & FARRELL

Flour, Bacon, [illegible]

Hay, Straw, [illegible]

PIONEER [illegible]

SORENSEN [illegible]

NOTICE TO CREDITORS. [illegible]

VOL. XVII.—NO. 24.

THE AGONY OVER.

The News of Hayes' Election Received.

Governor Hayes Resigns.

COLUMBUS, March 1.—Gov. Hayes left his resignation [illegible] ... A telegram was received this morning to the [illegible] as follows:

EXECUTIVE DEPT, STATE OF OHIO,
COLUMBUS, Feb. 28, 1877.

I hereby resign the office of Governor of